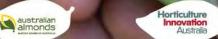
Fluid Assets **Almond Conference 2016**

Gavin McMahon

Chief Executive Officer Central Irrigation Trust Chairman, National Irrigators Council



HOSTED BY: The Almond Board of Australia

SUPPORTED BY: Horticulture Innovation Australia Ltd 17th Australian Almond Conference

Pullman Hotel Melbourne, Albert Park, Victoria

November 8th - 10th, 2016



Gavin McMahon





Chief Executive Officer, Central Irrigation Trust Chairman, National Irrigators Council

Mr Gavin McMahon is heavily involved in water issues within the SA Riverland District and across the Murray–Darling Basin. He is the Chief Executive Officer of Central Irrigation Trust and a Director of Central Irrigation Pty Ltd, where he is responsible for the delivery of irrigation water to thousands of families, domestic customers and industries. He is also a Director of the National Irrigators Council and currently serves as the Chairperson. Gavin was recently a member of a Water Act Review Panel which reviewed the Water Act 2007. Mr McMahon previously spent 23 years with BSES Ltd, a research and development company servicing primary producers and processors in the sugar industry where he held several positions within the company commencing as an agricultural advisor and completing his time with BSES as the Manager of Customer Service.

Gavin holds a BSc from Griffith University where he majored in Environmental Studies as well as a BBus from the University of Southern Queensland.







Fluid Assets Almond Conference 2016

Presentation by

Gavin McMahon CEO, Central Irrigation Trust Chairman, National Irrigators Council



Introduction

























ALMONDS, HEALTHY BAKING AND DESSERTS TASTING THE FUTURE

Life Style













A need for Change Globally



Iran Worlds top Pistachio Producer

 "The pistachio trees at the village in southern Iran are long dead, bleached white by the sun the underground water reserves sucked dry by decades of over-farming and waste."

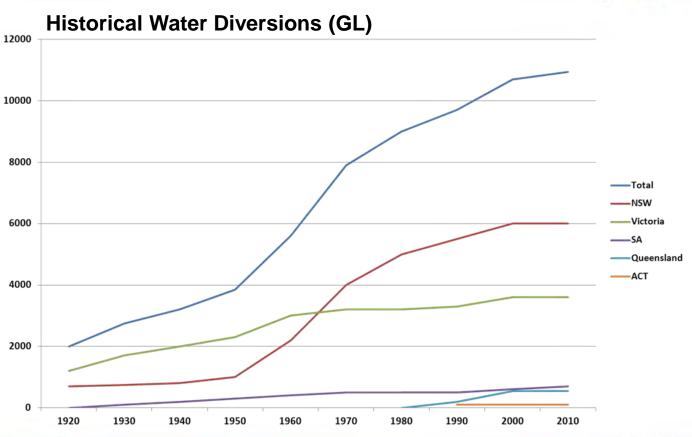






A need for Change - Australia





The River was Dead?



We have a once-in-a-lifetime opportunity to get it right

They say a River dies from its

Our Murray is dying for a drink

Money is flowing but the river is still dying



National disaster has collapsed

Death, destruction as wetlands expire

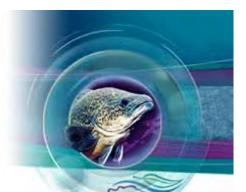
Urgent Call to prayer for Dying Murray River

Australia's true catastrophe now happening

A need for Change Australia



Change was occurring.



River Murray Waters Agreement 1915 Cap on extractions 1969
Cap on diversions 1995
Living Murray Initiative 2003
Numerous Government buybacks
Water Act driven by the Millennium Drought

Achievements — we should be celebrating!



- We all survived the millennium drought
- Functioning and sophisticated water market
- Natural recovery from floods in 2011-12
- Significant Environmental Water Recovery
- CHEW is learning to use its portfolio
 - Partnerships
 - States
 - Other bodies
- Environmental Infrastructure installed and working
- Focus on infrastructure
- Innovative thinking DPI adaptive management
- State of the art irrigation infrastructure
 - World class
- Solutions other than just add water
 - Carp control
- With no contribution from towns or cities







We survived the Millennium Drought





Functioning and sophisticated water market





Natural Recovery from the 2011/12







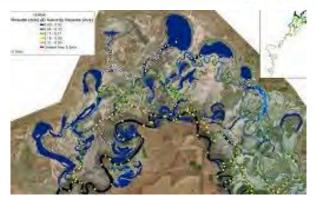




Focus on Infrastructure





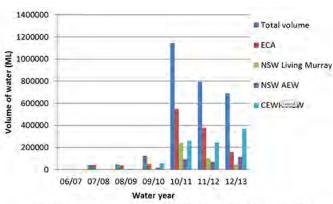


Infrastructure installed and working well.



Governments have accumulated large quantities of water





Annual volumes of water delivered to NSW targets from: environmental contingency allowances (ECA), the Living Murray Program, licences purchased by the NSW Government (NSW AEW) and licences purchased by Commonwealth Government (CEWH AEW)

- State Government Environmental Water
- The Living Murray 500 GL
- Water Returns to the Snowy River
- BASIN Plan 2750
- Up Water 450 GL
- Environmental Water Trusts

Unlike the controversial Murray Darling Basin renewal project spearheaded by federal Labor, Water for Rivers did not principally engage in water "buybacks" from farmers and other land users. Instead, the project focused on improving infrastructure and reducing wastage, with 80 per cent of the recovered water coming from infrastructure.

Chief executive Neville Smith said the key to their success was working with already existing groups who were working locally to save river systems.



CHEW Learning to use its water



Lyrup Forest Reserve Lagoon

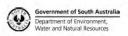
200 ML of Commonwealth environmental water 2015-16





Aiming to induce a brine shrimp (Sea Monkey) bloom and attract large numbers of water birds to feed on the lagoon.

Lyrup Forest Reserve has been identified as a wetland of national significance - listed in the Directory of Important Wetlands in Australia by Environment Australia (as part of the greater Gurra wetlands). At times it has a high diversity of wetland fauna, including threatened birds such as Musk Duck, Freckled Duck, Royal Spoonbill, and the Peregrine Falcon). Information; www.naturefoundation.org.au LB LAP 0429 913 508









Innovative Thinking and Adaptive Management



This week landholders and river users on the River Murray are advised to take note of changing weir pool heights at lock 15 at Robinvale and at locks 7, 8 and 9 between Wentworth, NSW, and the SA border.

Historically weir pool levels have been kept at a reasonably constant height, but as part of a trial to restore a more natural wetting and drying cycle, the MDBA will raise and lower these pool levels between August 2015 and June 2016. The Lock 15 weir pool level is expected to increase by up to 60cm above the full supply level (FSL) over late-winter and spring, returning to FSL over summer and be lowered by up to 30cm below FSL by mid-autumn.

The weir pool levels at Lock 7, 8 and 9 are expected to increase by up to 50cm, 80cm and 20cm respectively above the FSL over late-winter and early spring, and be lowered by up to 50cm, 80cm and 10cm respectively below FSL over late-spring and summer.

The trial is being conducted by the MDBA in co-operation with the NSW Department of Primary Industries, Water NSW, SA Water and the Mallee Catchment Management Authority.

The MDBA will issue a revised flow advice if there are any significant changes to the plan, which will also be available on the MDBA website at www.mdba.gov.au

State of the Art Irrigation Systems













Solutions other than just add water





Work still to be done



- Remaining Water Recovery
- 2016 is an important year
 - Northern Basin Review
 - SDL adjustment
- 450 GL of "up water"
- Managing constraints (delivery capacity)
- Understanding the Socio Economic Impacts
- Monitoring and evaluation
 - You modelled and you observed
- Legacy costs
- Streamlining processes
- Stability
- Helping communities to adjust



Messages



- Science is not always right
- A reduced consumptive pool of water will have impact on users
- MDBA have still to recover 30% + 450 GL
- Irrigation footprint will decline due to water availability
- We need to be innovative
- After decades of significant change communities now want some certainty
- Be ready for the next review 2024
- Electricity costs will be then next big challenge

Energy









Thank you for listening



