



July 2025













Interpreting soil moisture monitoring graphs - capacitance

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> Adam Brown Greenbrain / CropX

Program

- 1. Soil water principles
- 2. Understanding graphs
- 3. Summed & split-level graphs
- 4. Setting fill & refill points
- 5. Graph responses
- 6. Integration / data presentation
- 7. Your data

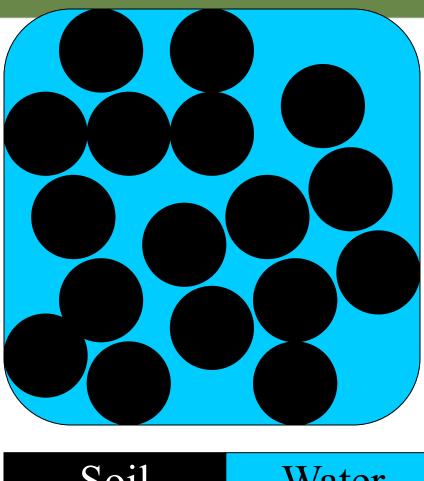


1. Soil water principles - terminology

- Saturation
- Field Capacity
- Refill point
- Wilting Point
- RAW



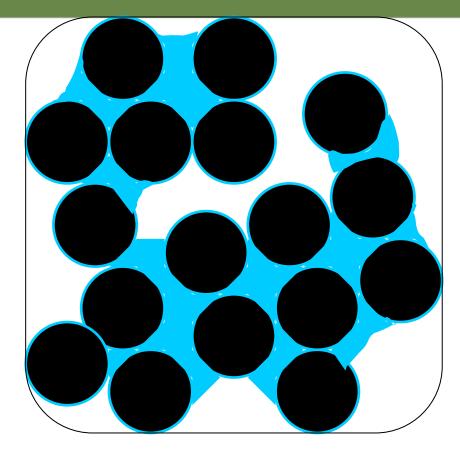
- Saturation







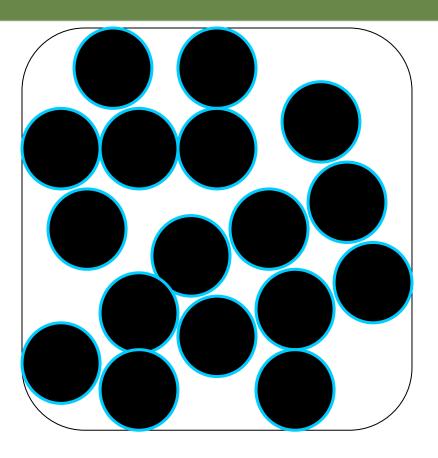
- Field Capacity







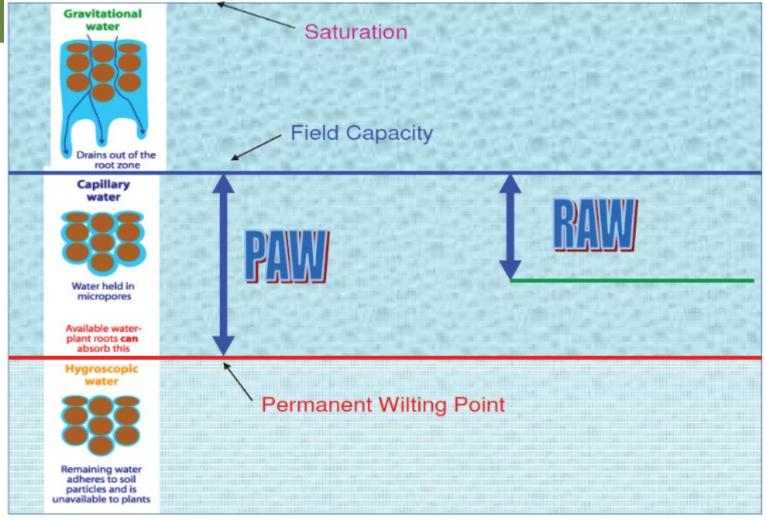
- Wilting Point





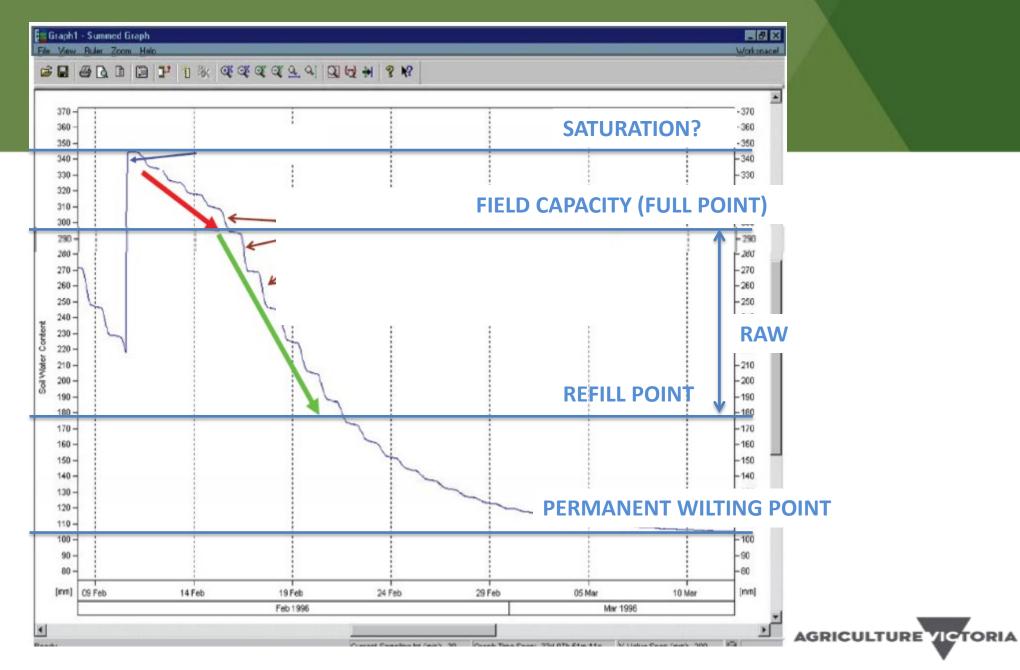


2. Understanding graphs

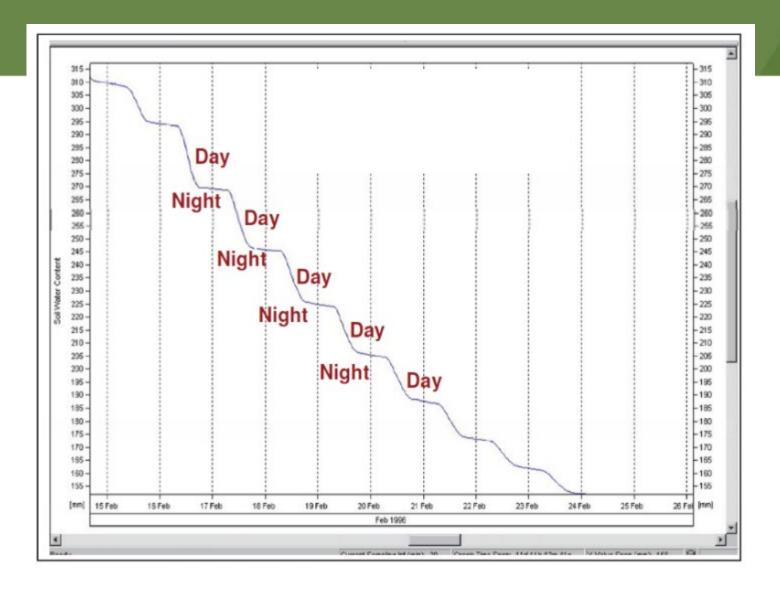




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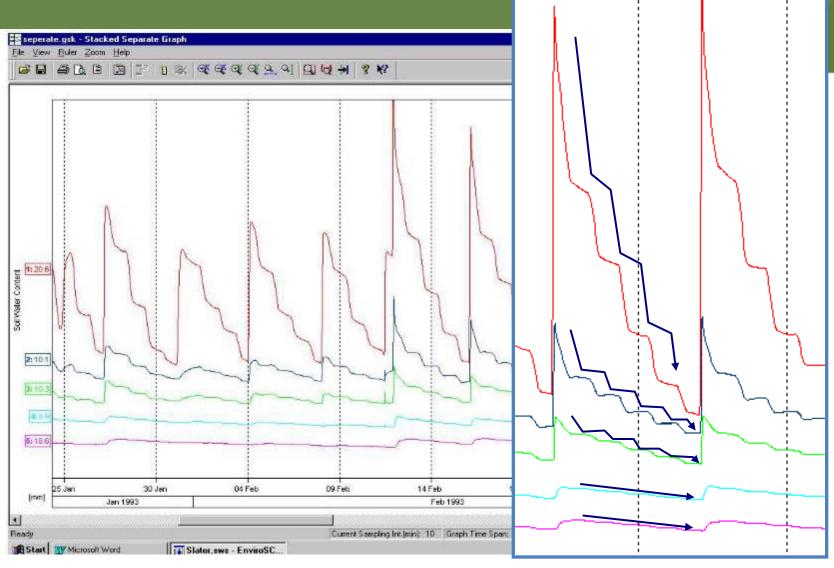


Stepping





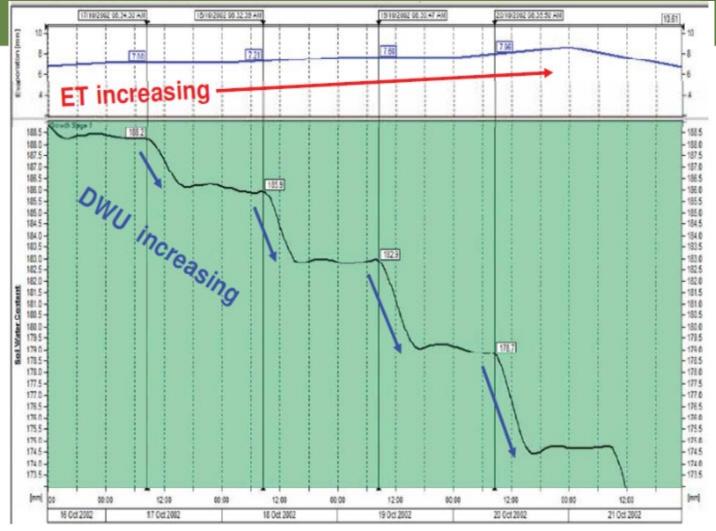
Stepping - identifies rootzone depth



Economic Development, Jobs, Transport and Resources

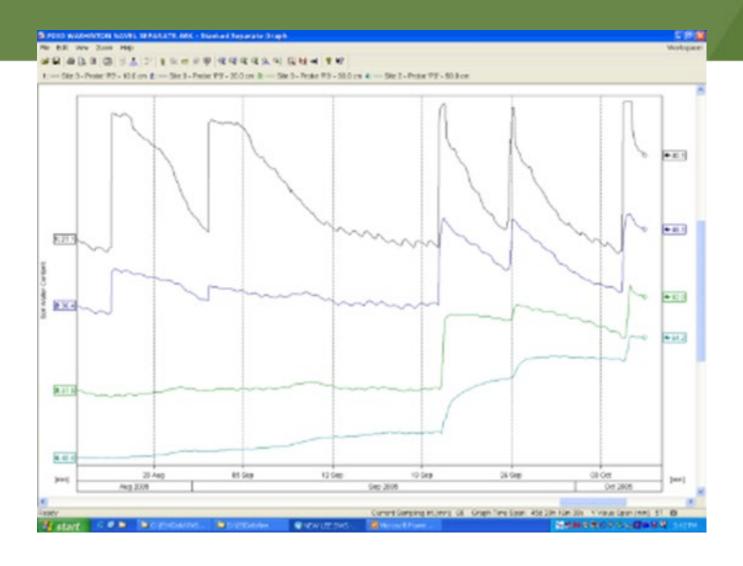


Increase in daily water use – bigger steps



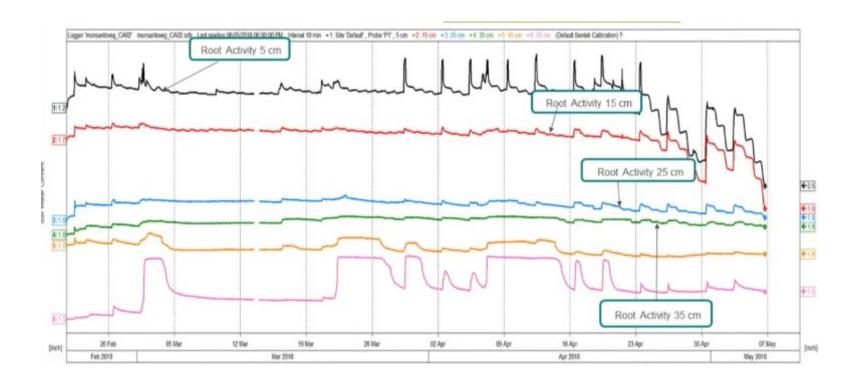


Flat topping - saturation



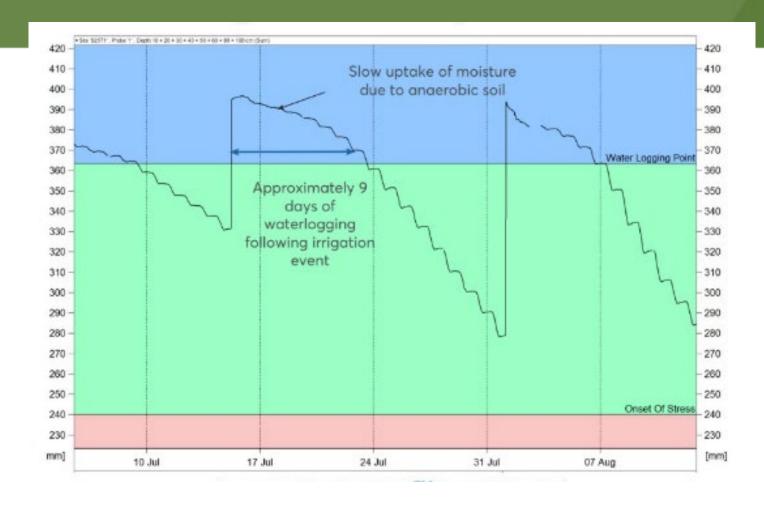


Saturation at depth



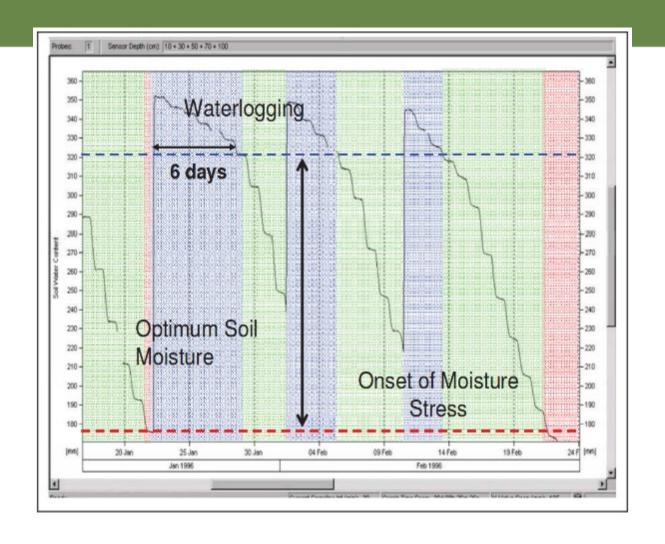


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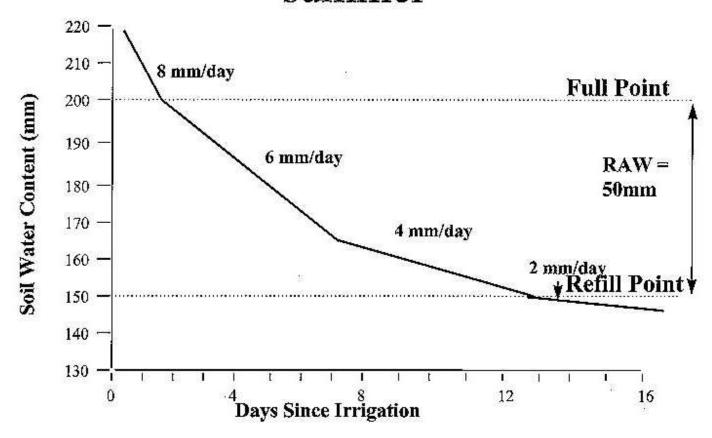


Waterlogging





Drying cycle on loamy sand in summer





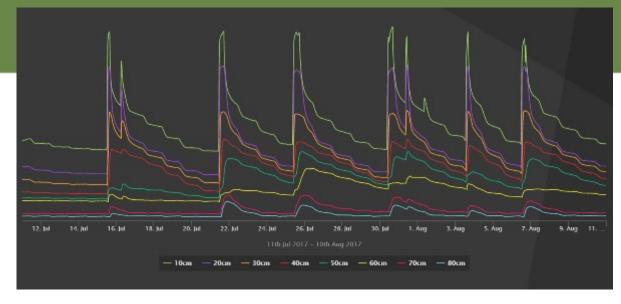
Understanding graphs

- 1. Stepping rootzone depths
- 2. Flat topping saturation
- 3. Flattening of lines / slowing down water use refill point
- 4. Readily available water RAW

Greater understanding of your soil / plant / water relationship



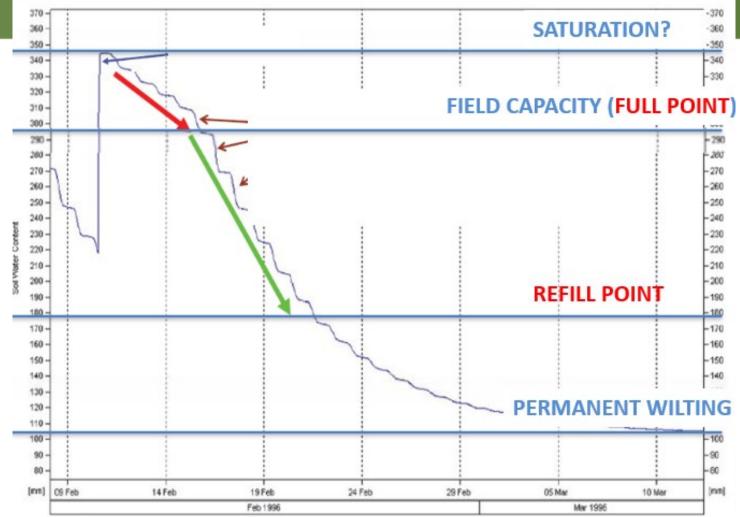
3. Split level & summed graphs







4. Setting the full & refill point





Setting the refill point

Set refill point to avoid stress

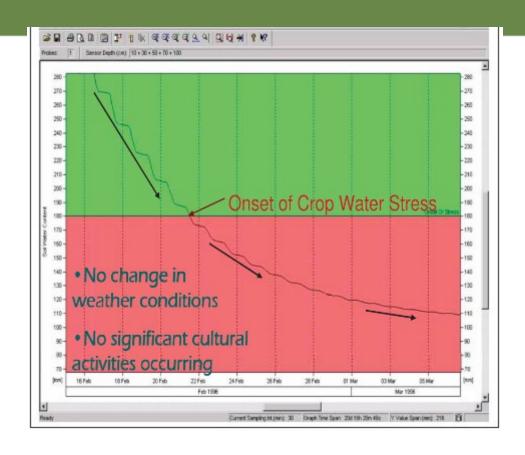
Onset of stress is:

"The soil water content in a plant root zone at which point there is the first observable slowdown of the maximum rate of daily crop water use after irrigation or rainfall occurs independent of **external factors**"

External factors: any factor which affects transpiration rates (weather conditions, growth stage, disease or insect damage, harvest, chemical spraying)

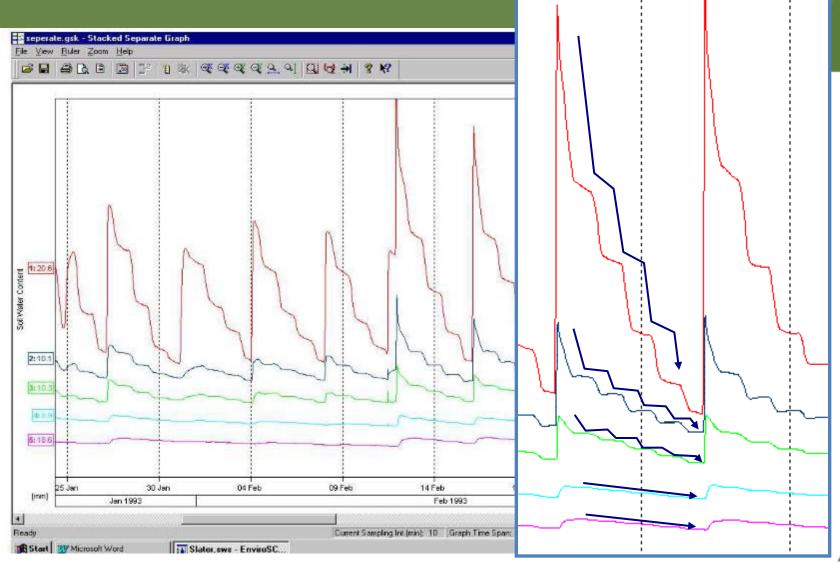


Setting the <u>refill point</u>





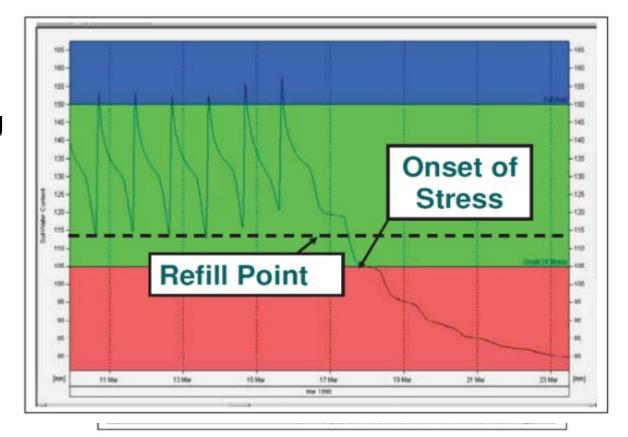
Which sensors to include in summed graph?





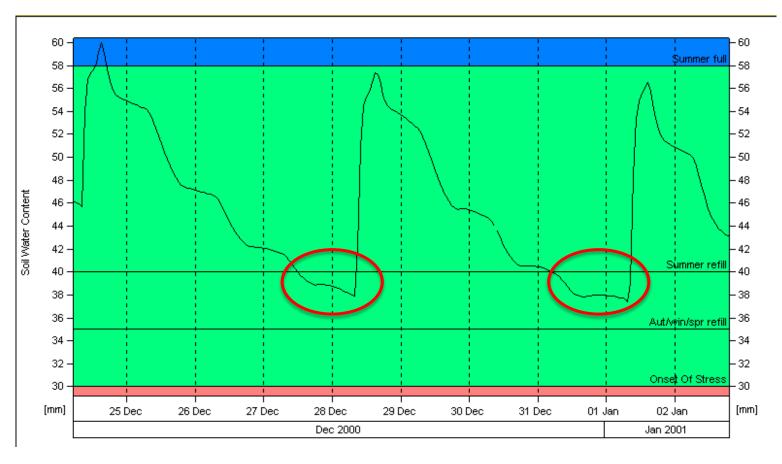
Setting refill point

- Identify the sensors within the rootzone
- Create a graph using those sensors only
- Identify stress point(s)
- Set refill point before stress point is reached (safety buffer)





Identify repeated stress point



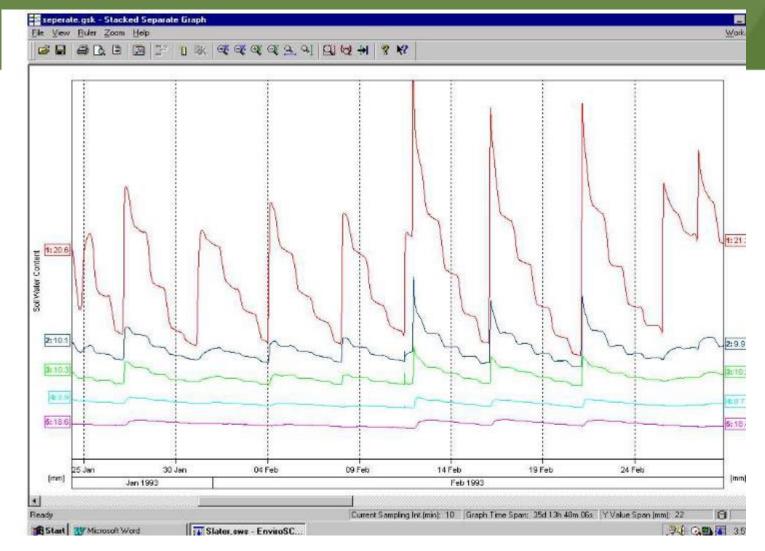


Setting refill point



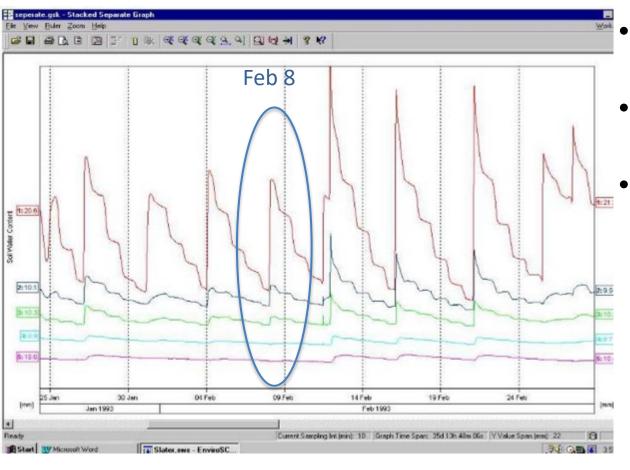


Setting the <u>full point</u>



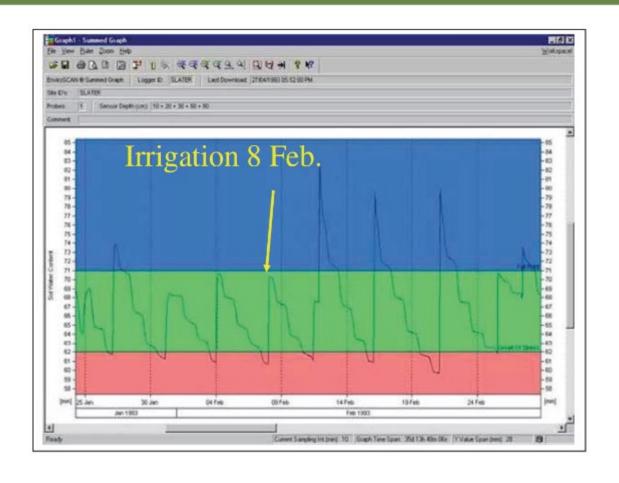


Setting the <u>full point</u>



- Identify rootzone depth
- Review irrigation depths
 - Identify an irrigation that penetrates to the bottom of the rootzone (no deeper, no shallower)

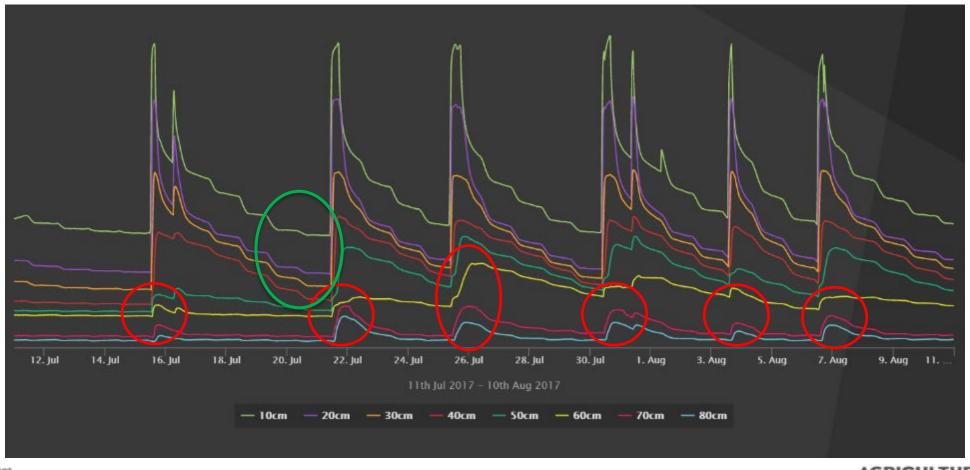




 Set full point touching top of Feb 8th irrigation event

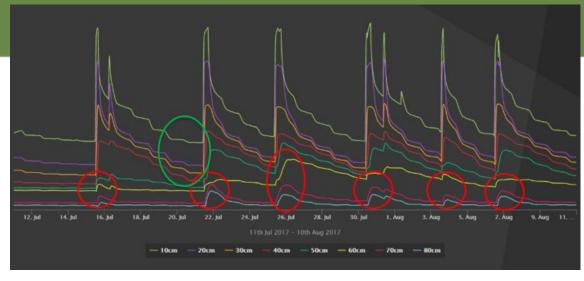


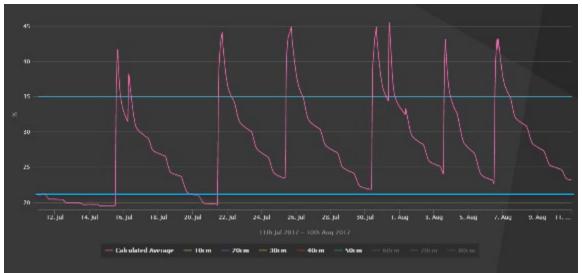
Setting the <u>full point</u>





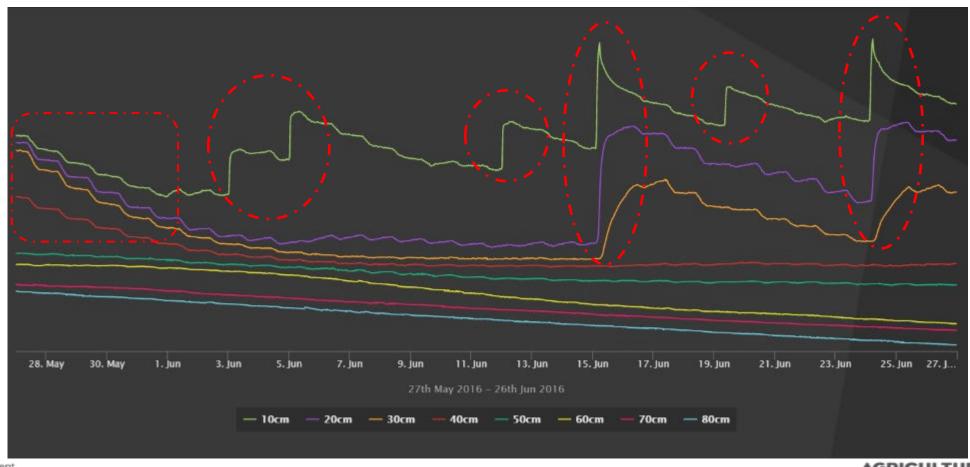
Setting the <u>full & refill point</u>

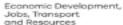






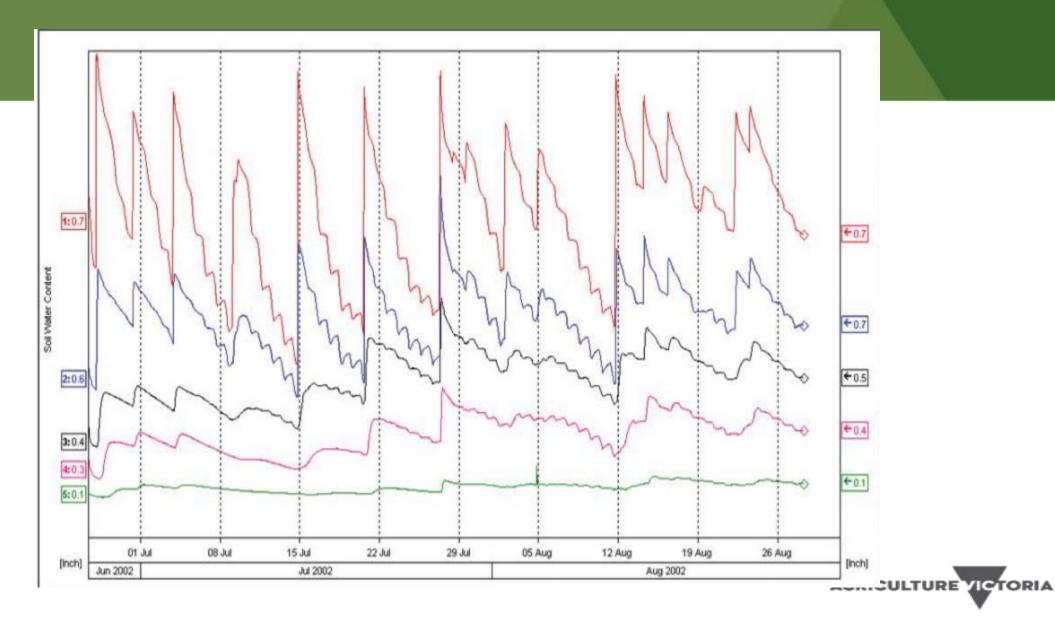
Where in the profile is the crop extracting moisture from?



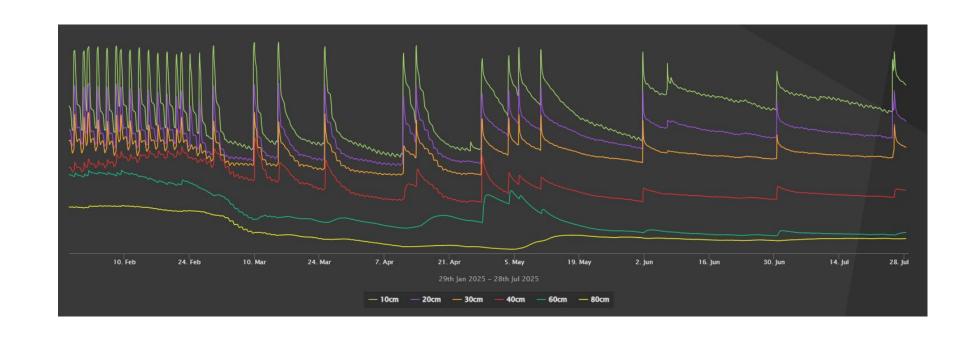




Active rootzone changing within season

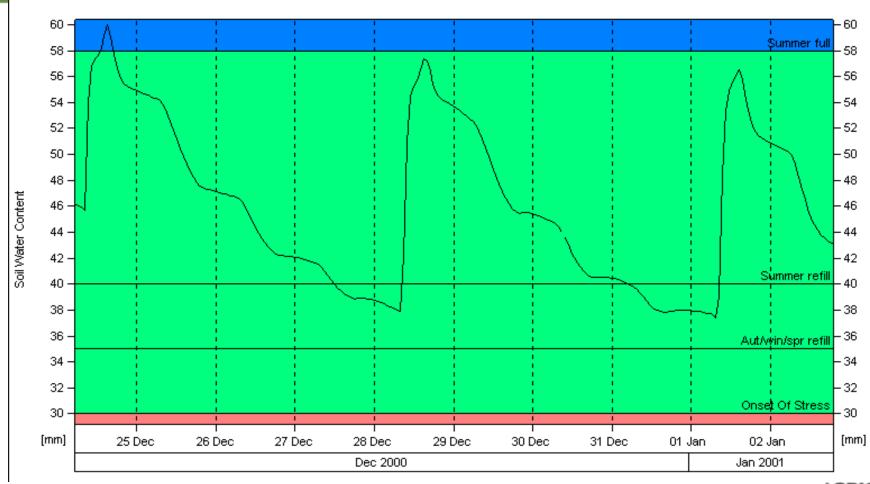






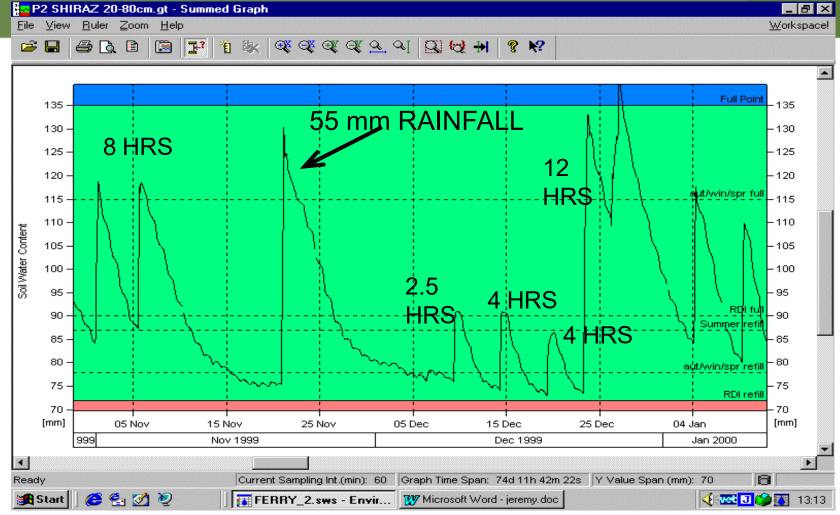


Summed graph with two refill points (10, 20, 40, 70, 100cm)





Multiple refill points - deficit irrigation



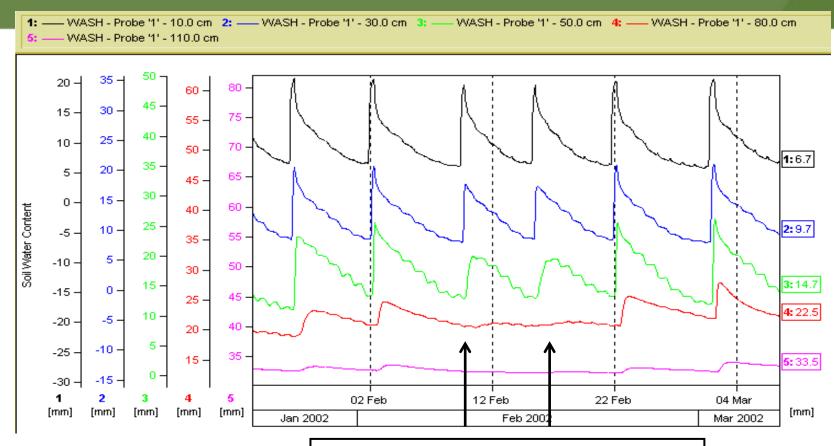


5. Graph responses

- Day vs night irrigations
- Rootzone depths
- Under and over watering
- Weed water use
- Soil management
- Effective rainfall
- Identifying variety water requirements
- Monitoring daily irrigations
- Poor installation / settling in
- Leaching irrigations
- Re-setting refill points

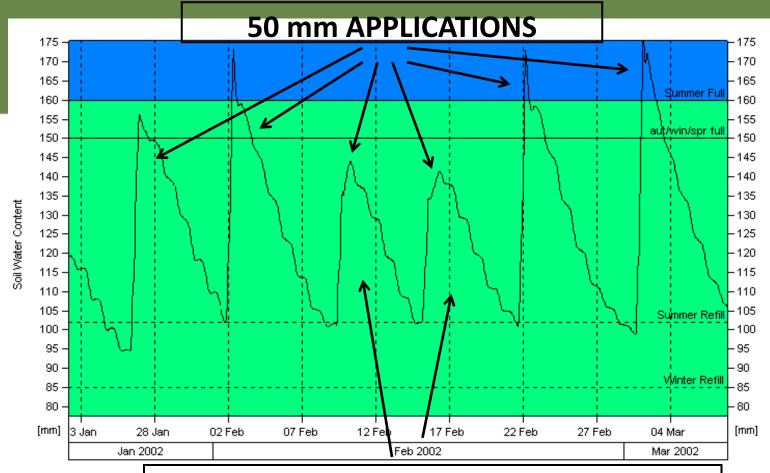


Day vs night irrigations



DAYTIME IRRIGATIONS DID NOT REACH 80cm SENSOR

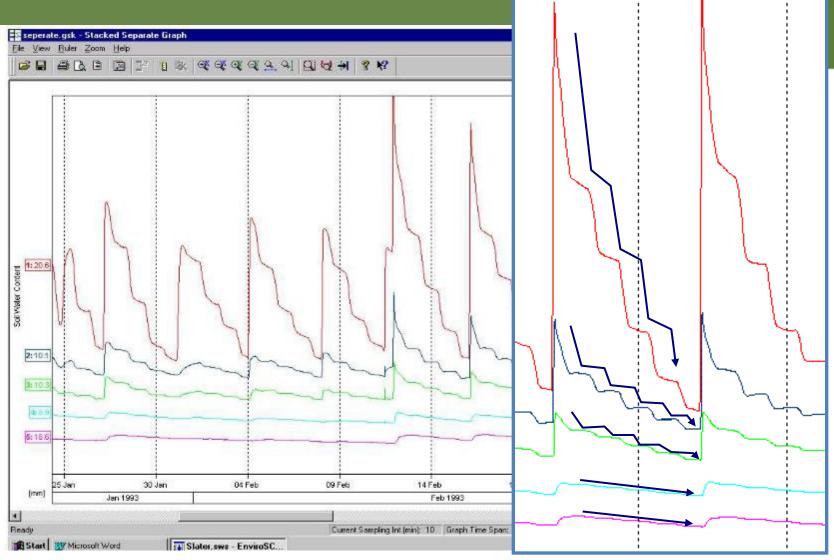




DAY TIME IRRIGATIONS 30% LESS EFFECTIVE,
MEANING THE FOLLOWING IRRIGATIONS MUST
BECOME MORE FREQUENT



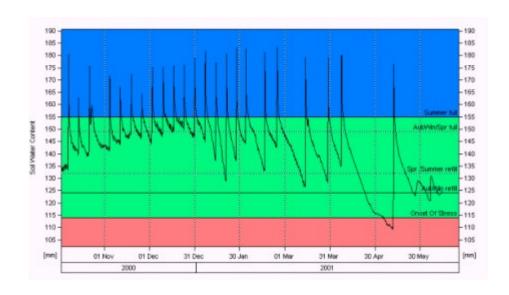
Identifying rootzone depth



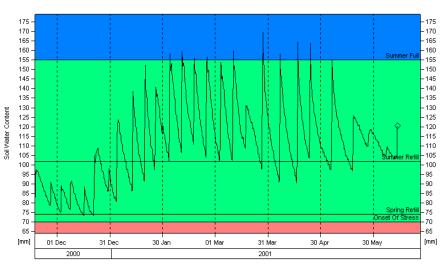


Overwatering & Underwatering

Overwatering



Underwatering



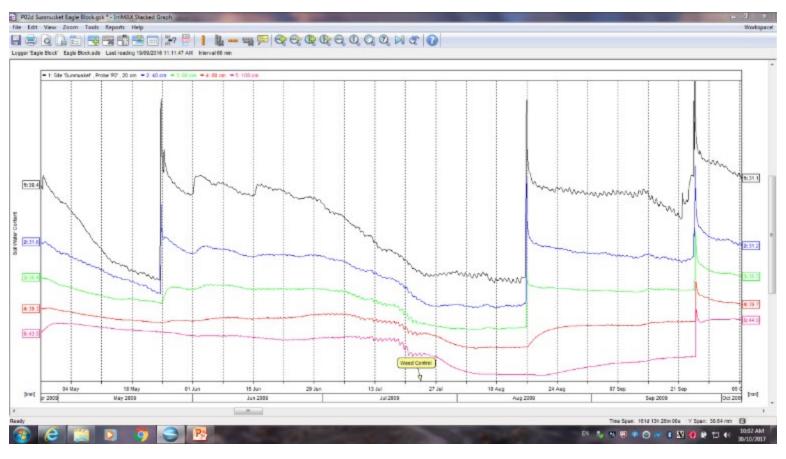


Overwatering early in season



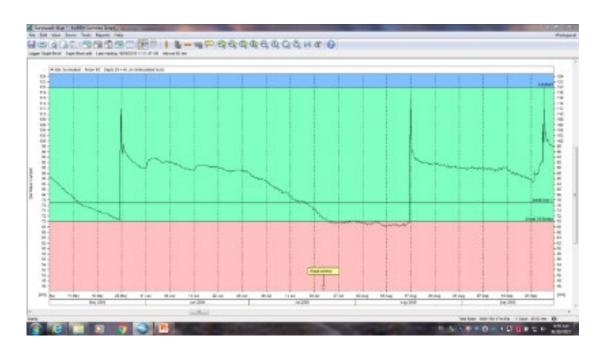


Weed water use





Weed water use – Hexham scent

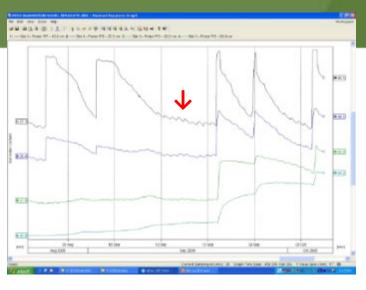


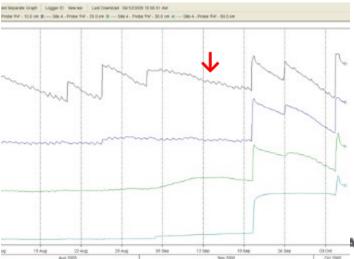




Soil management - gypsum application







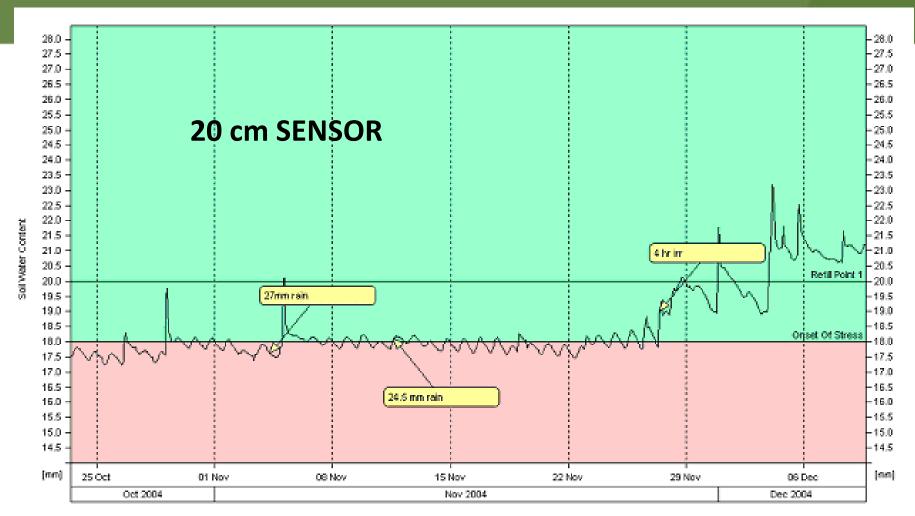


Run-off

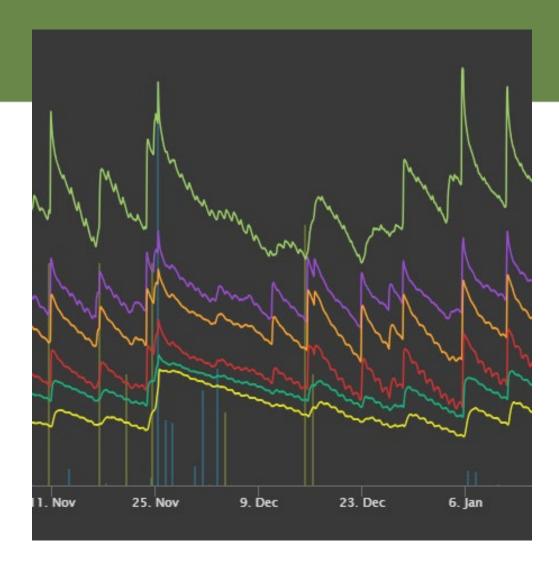




Effective rainfall

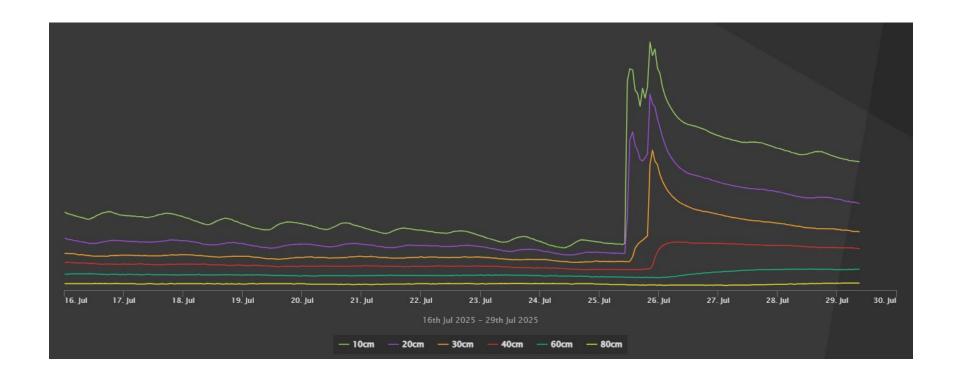






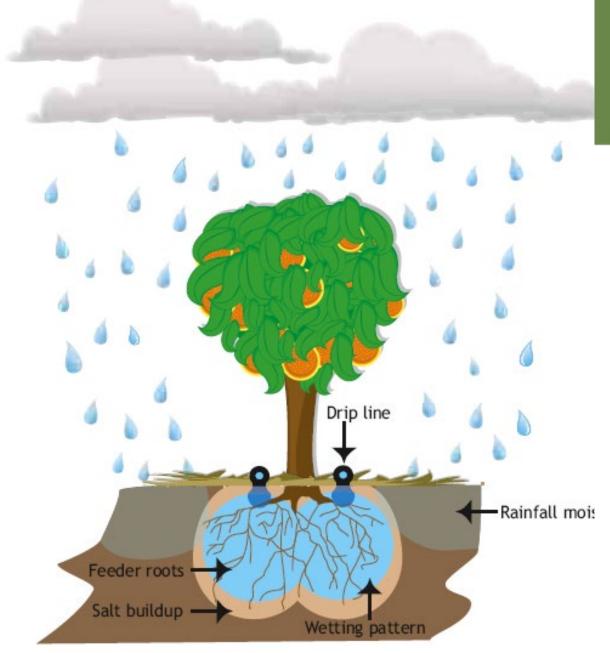


Winter rainfall

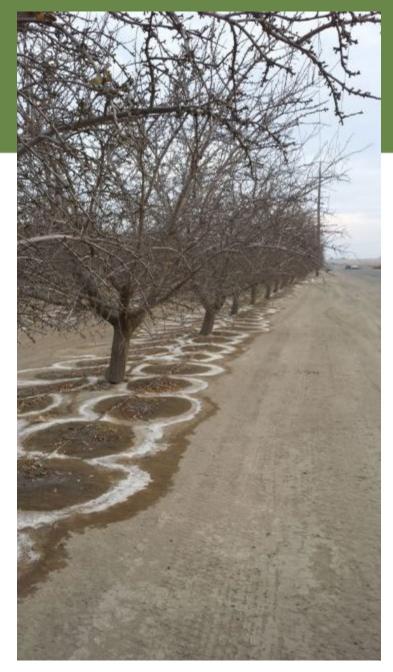




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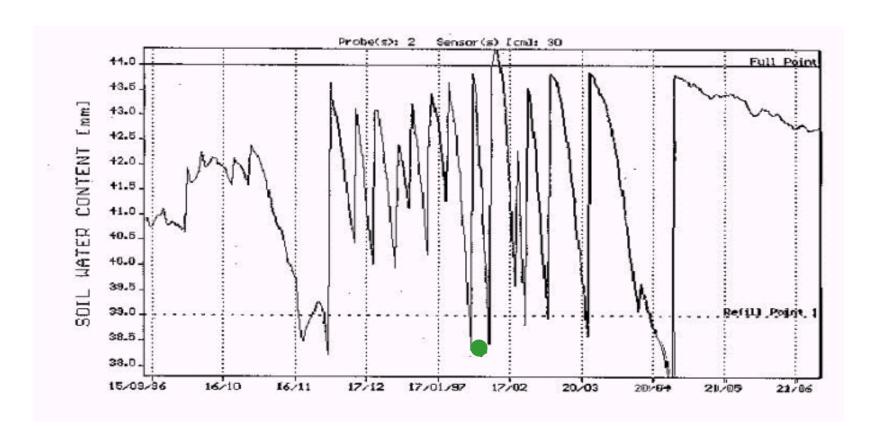






Economic Development, Jobs, Transport and Resources

Varietal water use

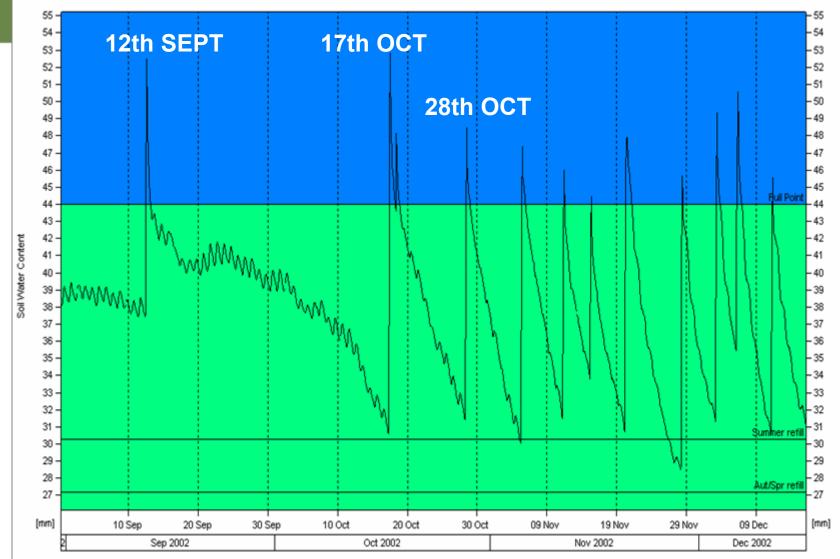


CHARDONNAY IRRIGATION

Low level sprinklers - 5.6 mm/hr 15 irrigations, 6 post harvest - 4.0 ML/Ha



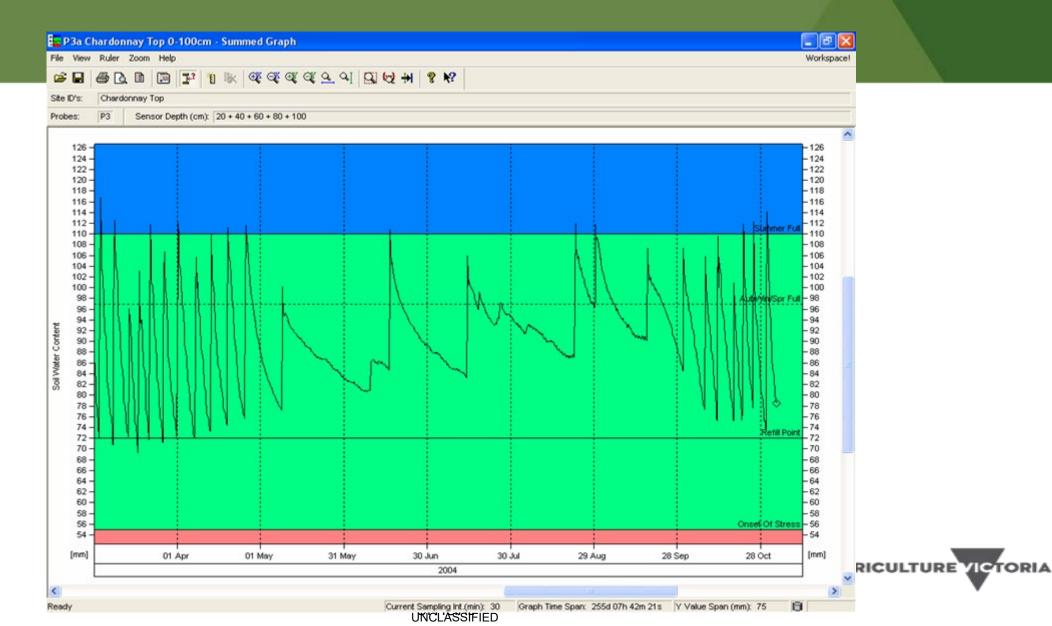
Chardonnay spring water use





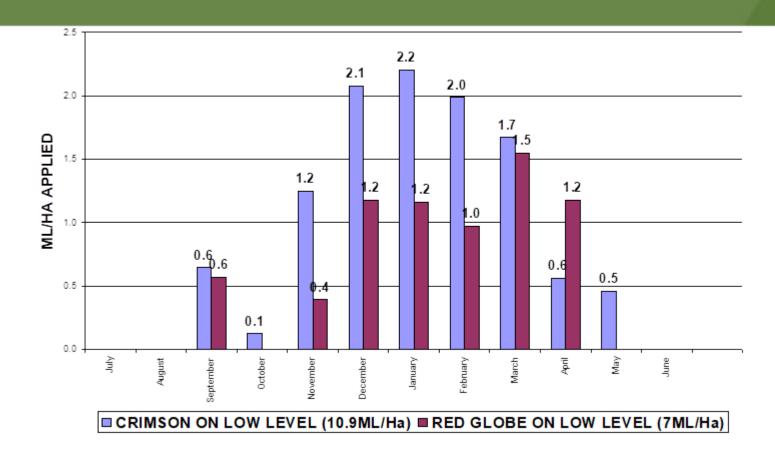


Chardonnay winter water use



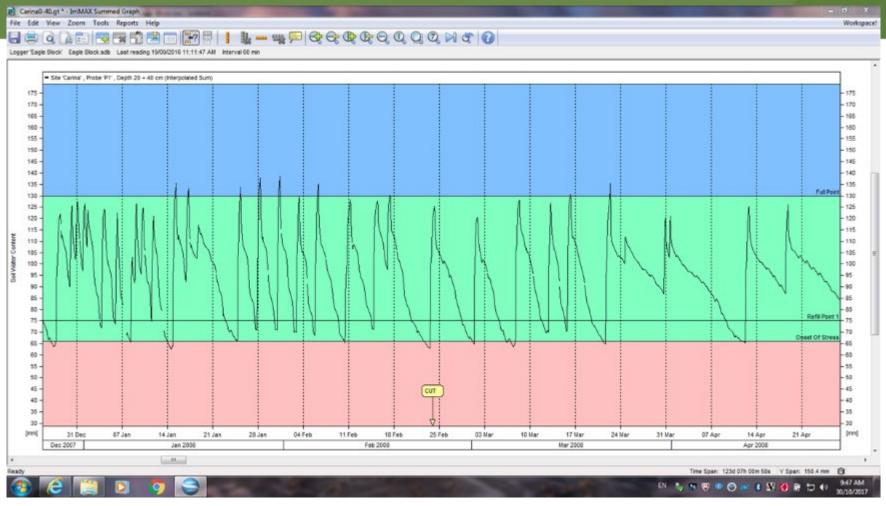
Economic Development, Jobs, Transport and Resources

Varietal water use



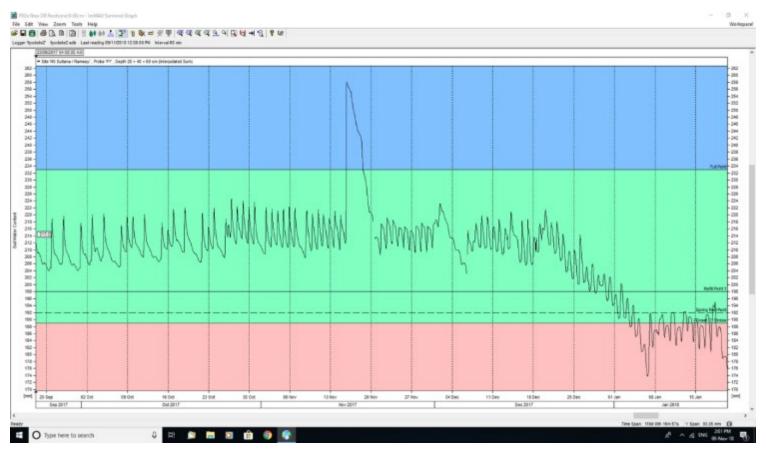


Trellis dried fruit

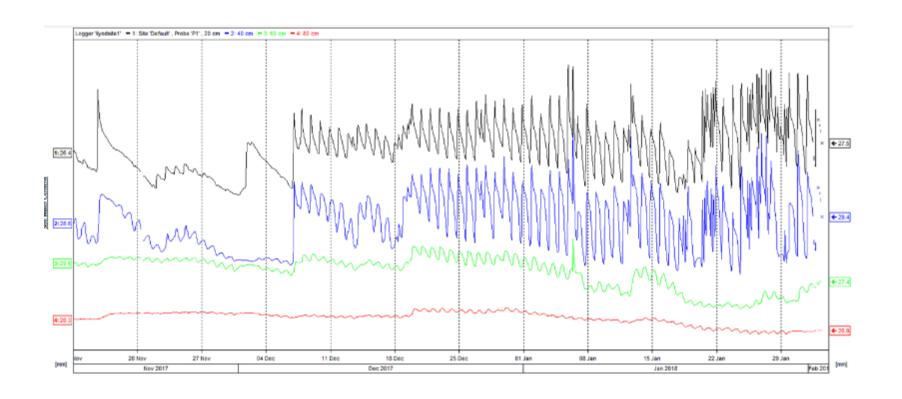




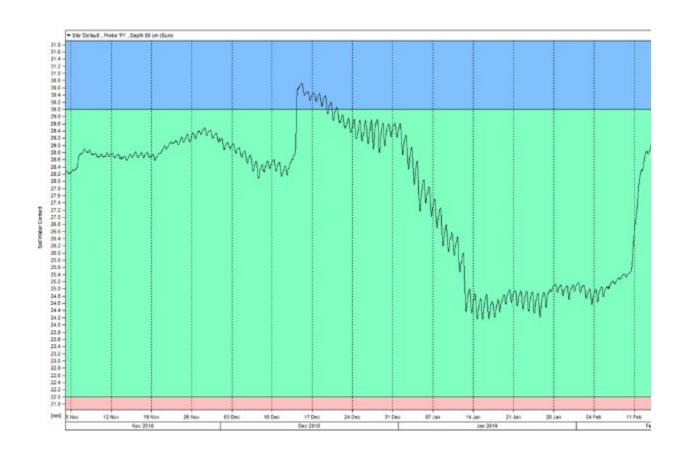
Need to monitor daily drip irrigations?





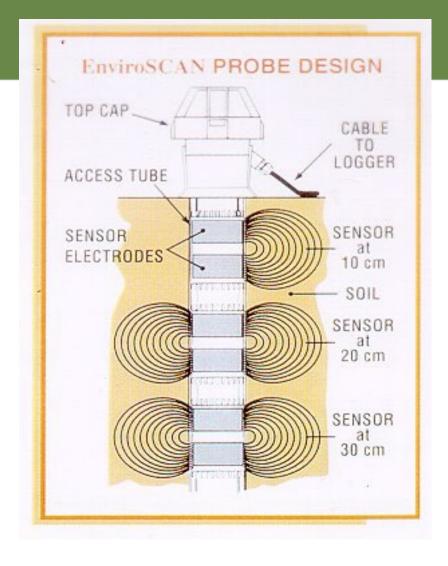






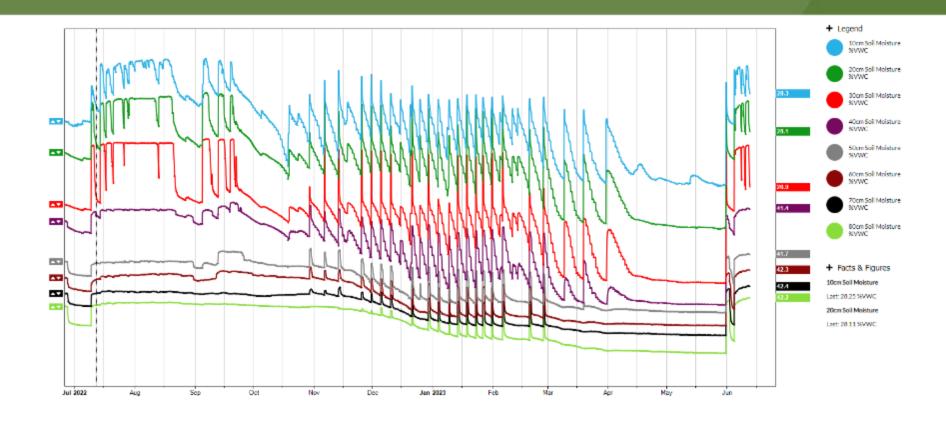


Installation



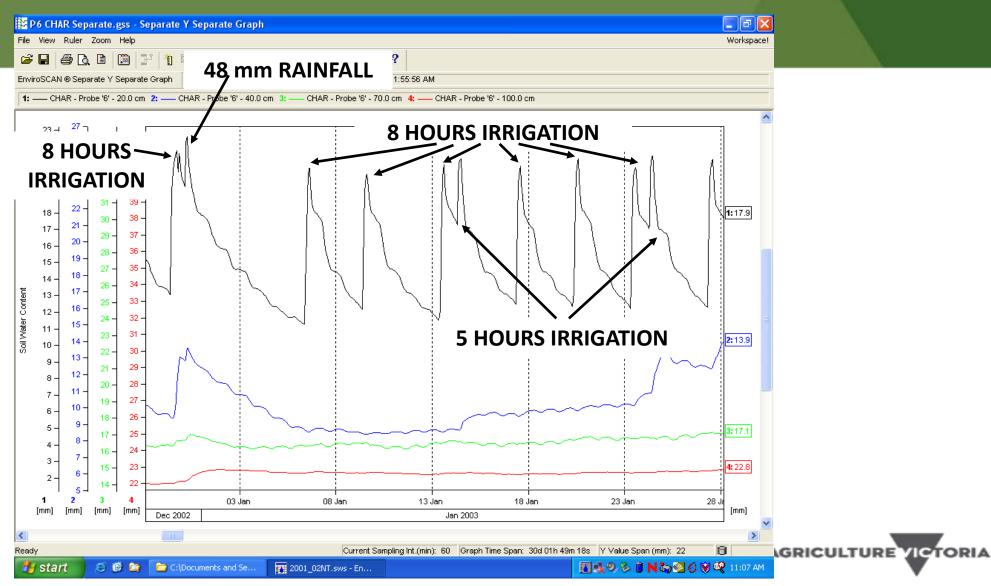


Poor installation

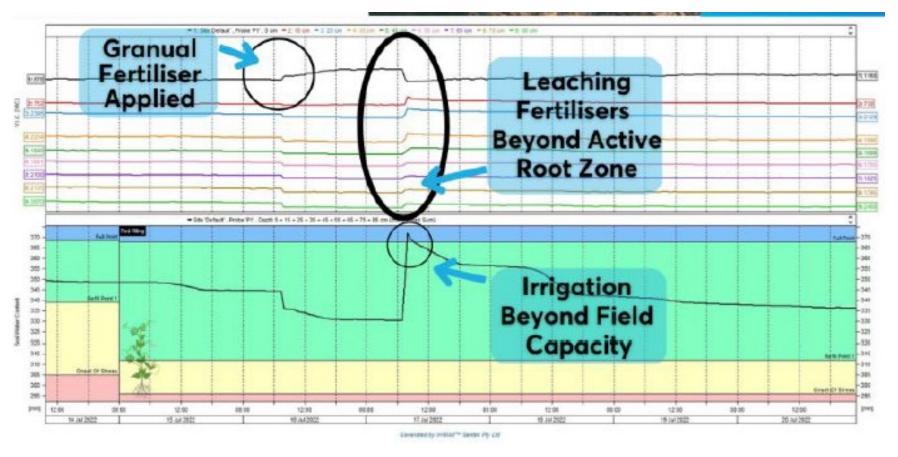




Leaching irrigations

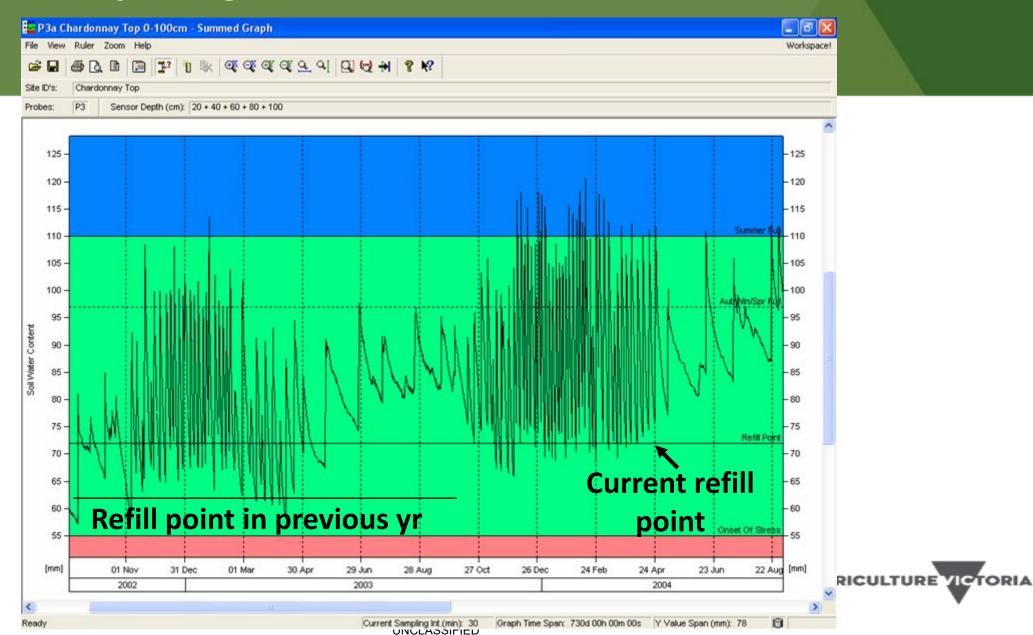


Fertiliser leaching



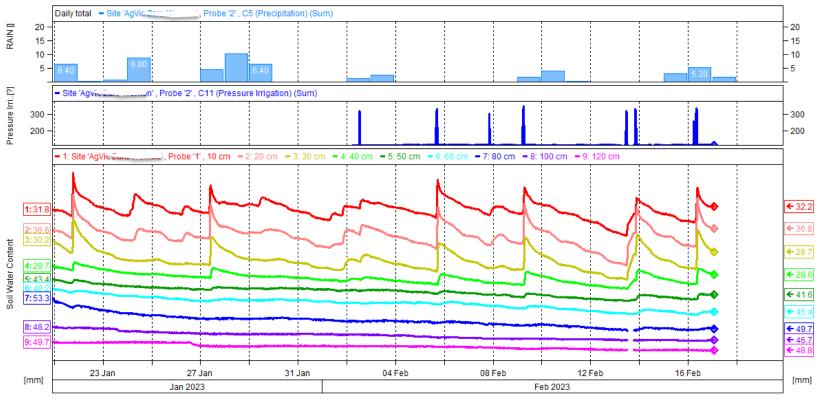


Re-adjusting refill lines



Economic Development, Jobs, Transport and Resources

6. Integration and data presentation









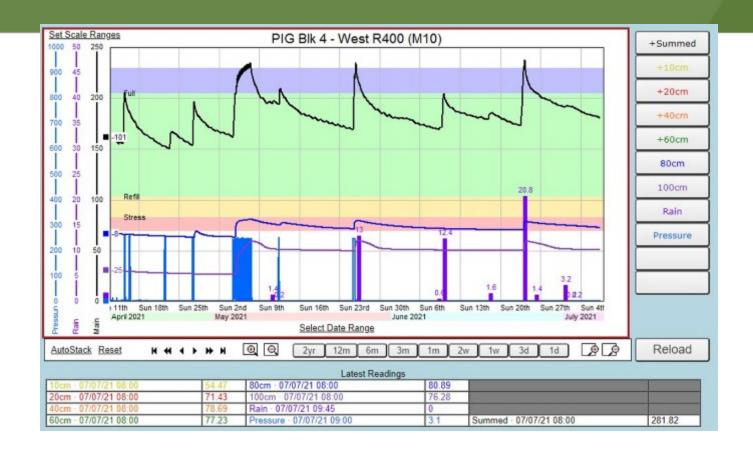
Data integration



- Soil moisture
- Soil oxygen
- Eto
- Ambient temp cooling
- Trunk dendrometer
- Fruit dendrometer
- Sap flow
- VPD

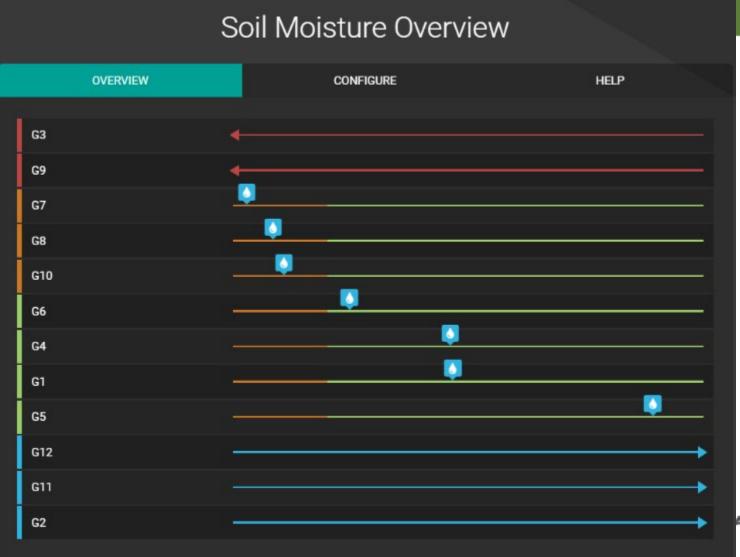


Soil moisture, rainfall and irrigation events integrated



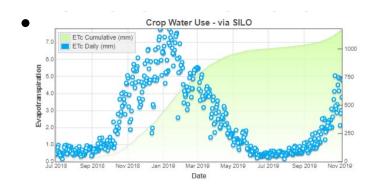


Greenbrain Dashboard

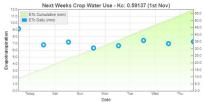


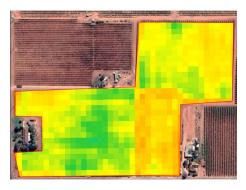
What can IrriSAT do?

- Field Variability
- Estimated crop water use
- 7-day ET_o forecast
- Seasonal water use report







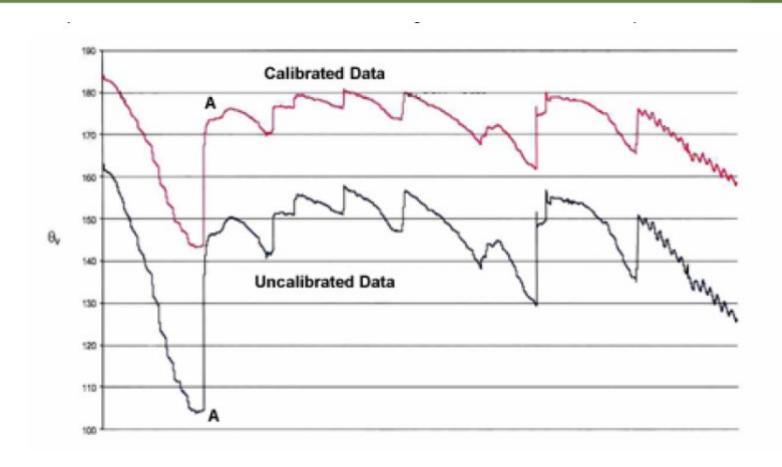




7. Your data?

https://greenbrain.net.au/login

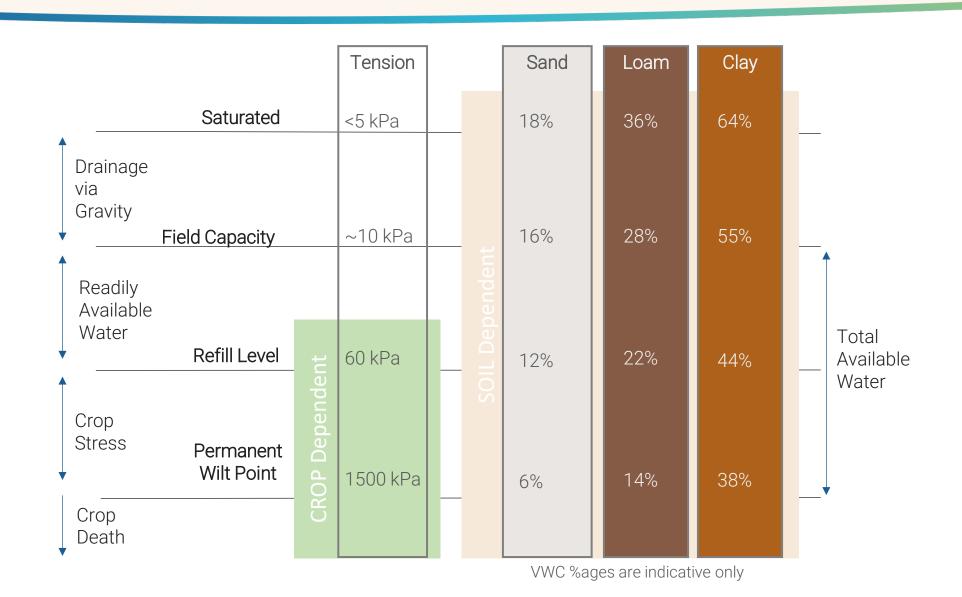








Probe Readings v Soil Type

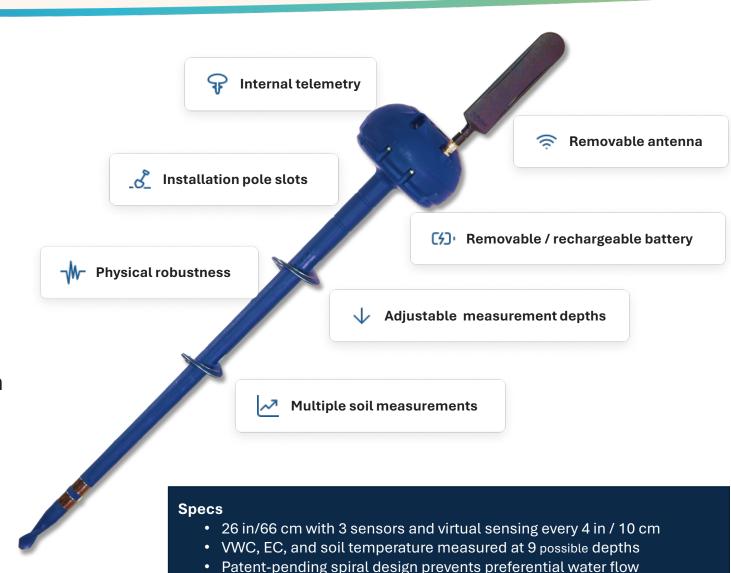


CropX Soil Sensor (SV4)

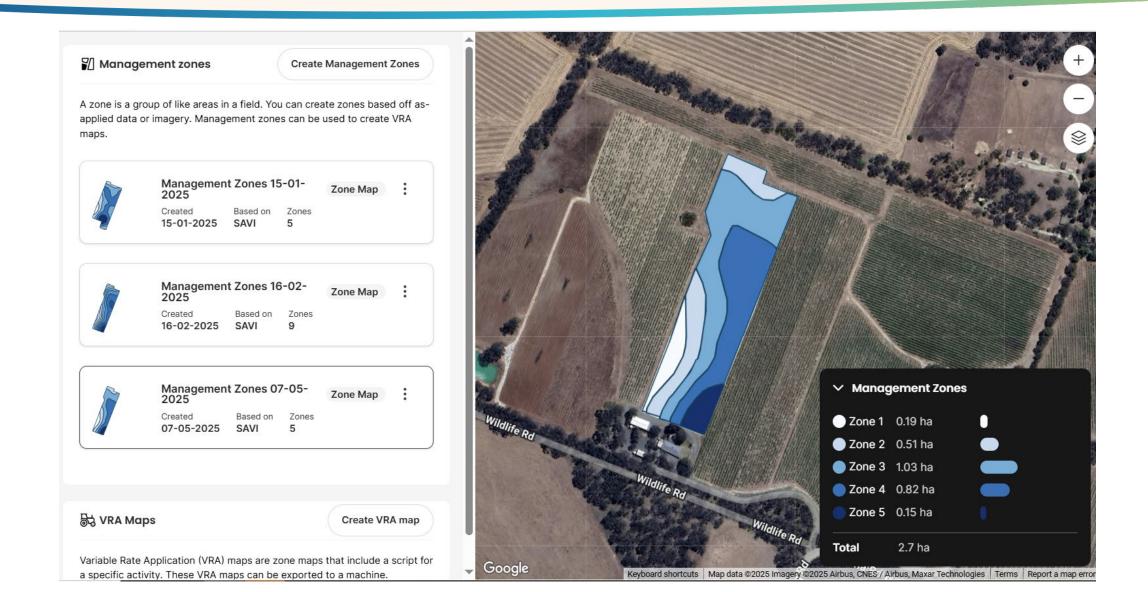
The most advanced device featuring CropX's patented spiral sensing for undisturbed soil.

Provides predictive data for precision irrigation, disease management, and monitoring nitrogen leaching and soil salinity levels.

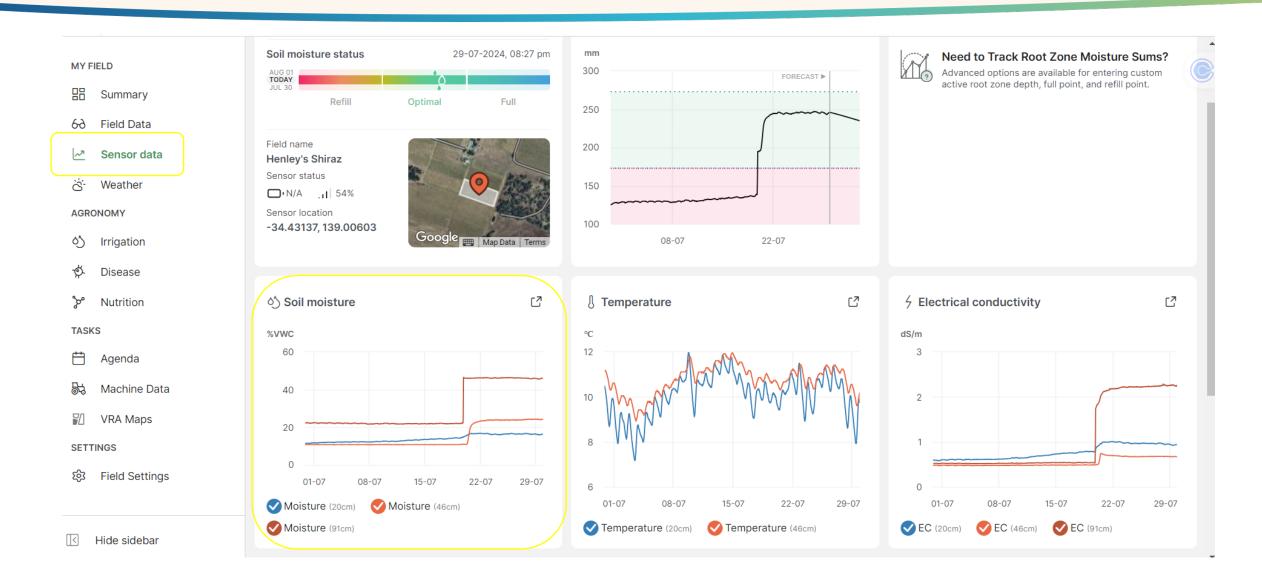
- All-in-one device with internal telemetry and power source
- Radically easy to install, connect and maintain
- Industry leading accuracy

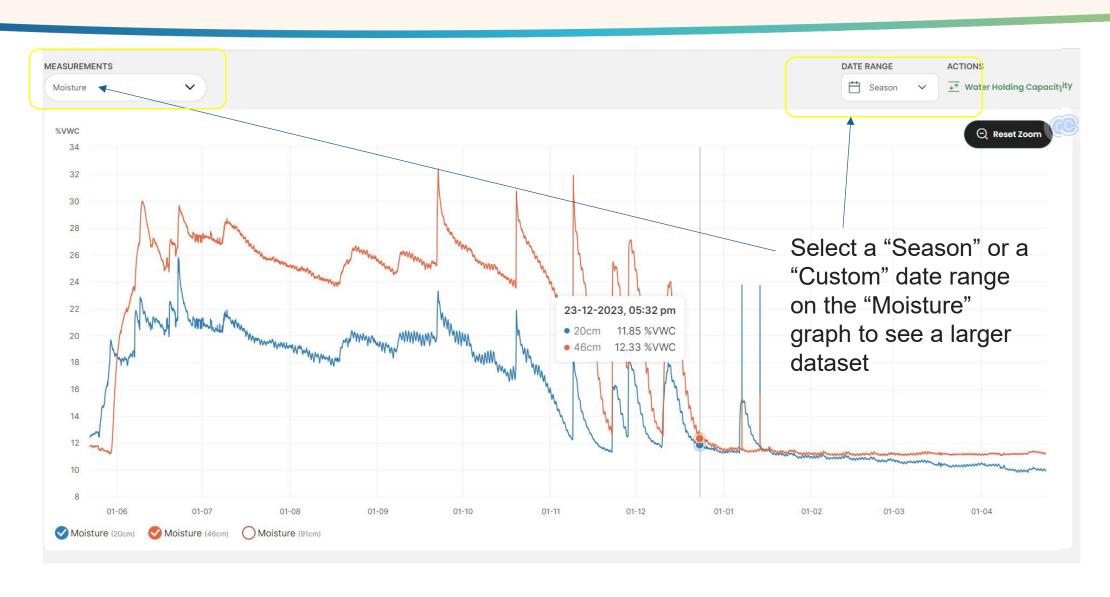


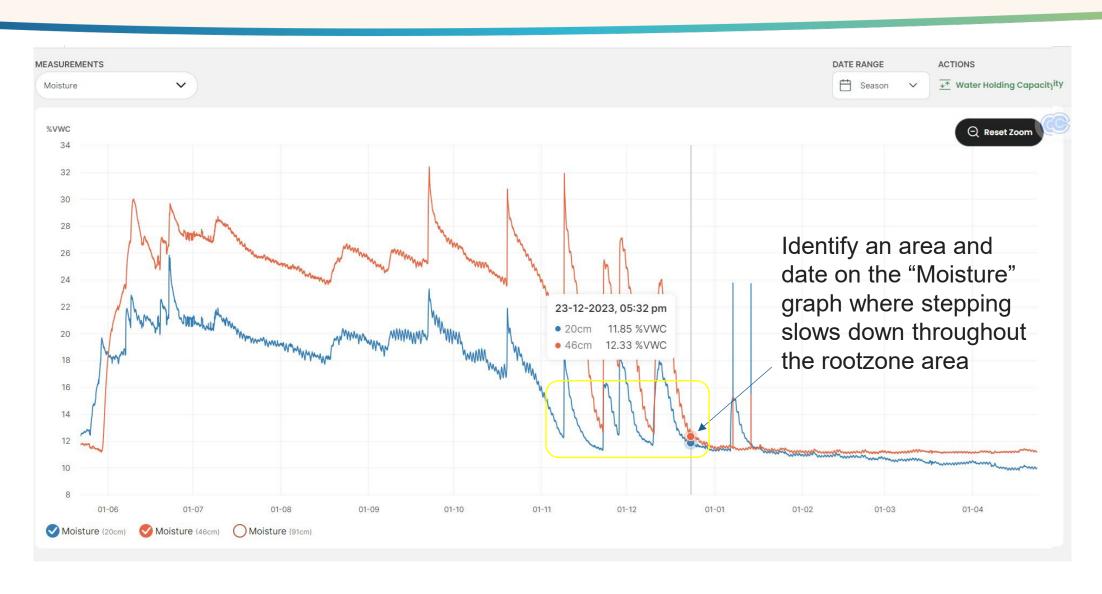
Management zones - SAVI

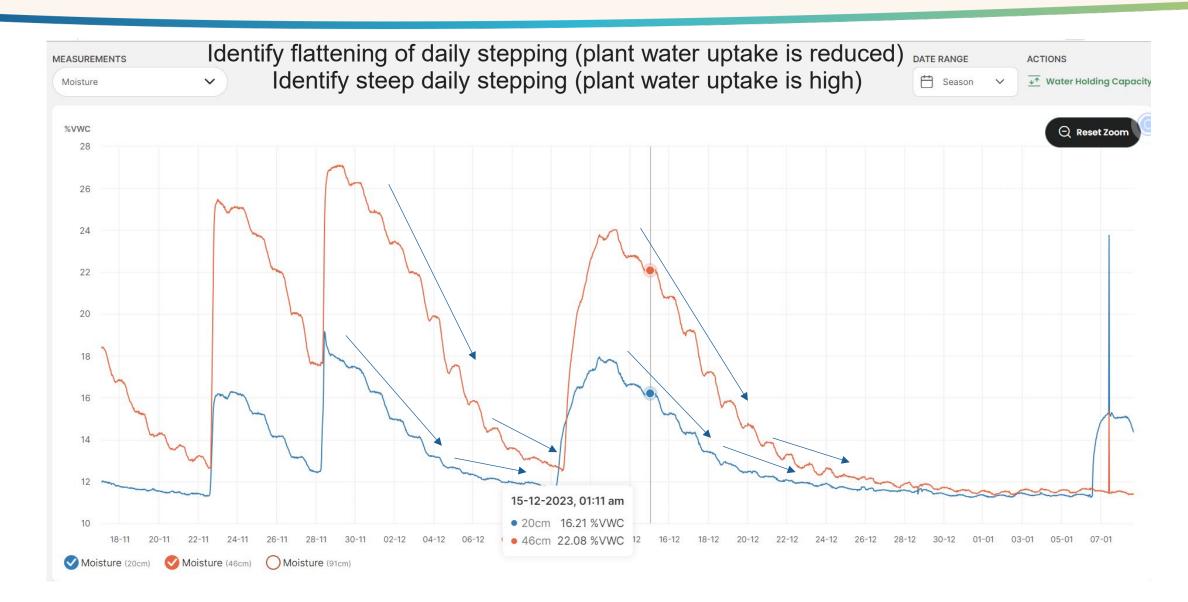


Setting Refill Points in Cropx



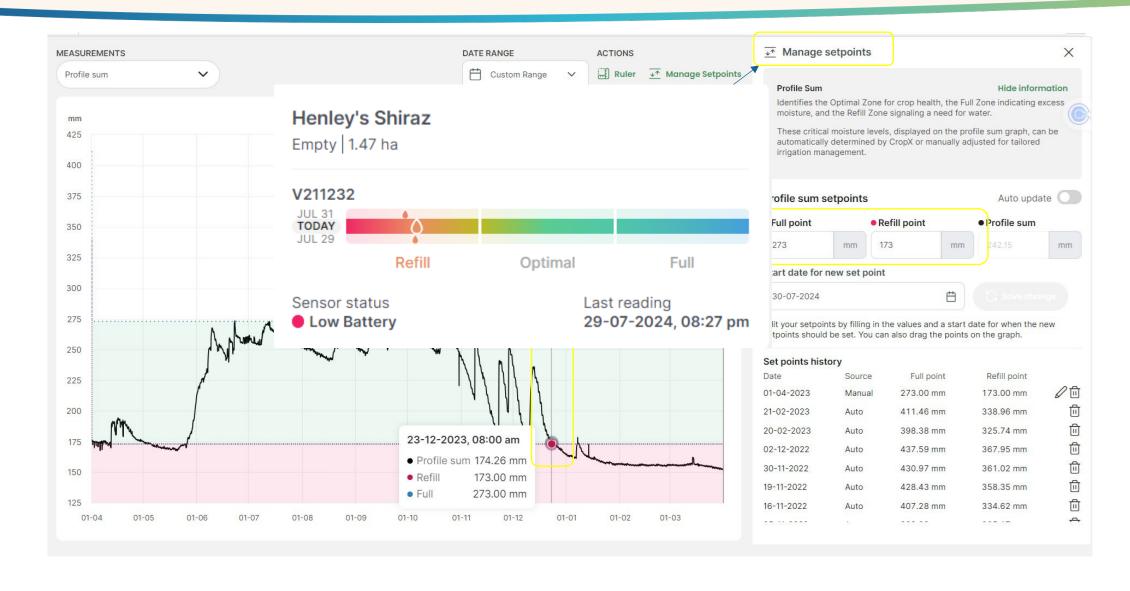




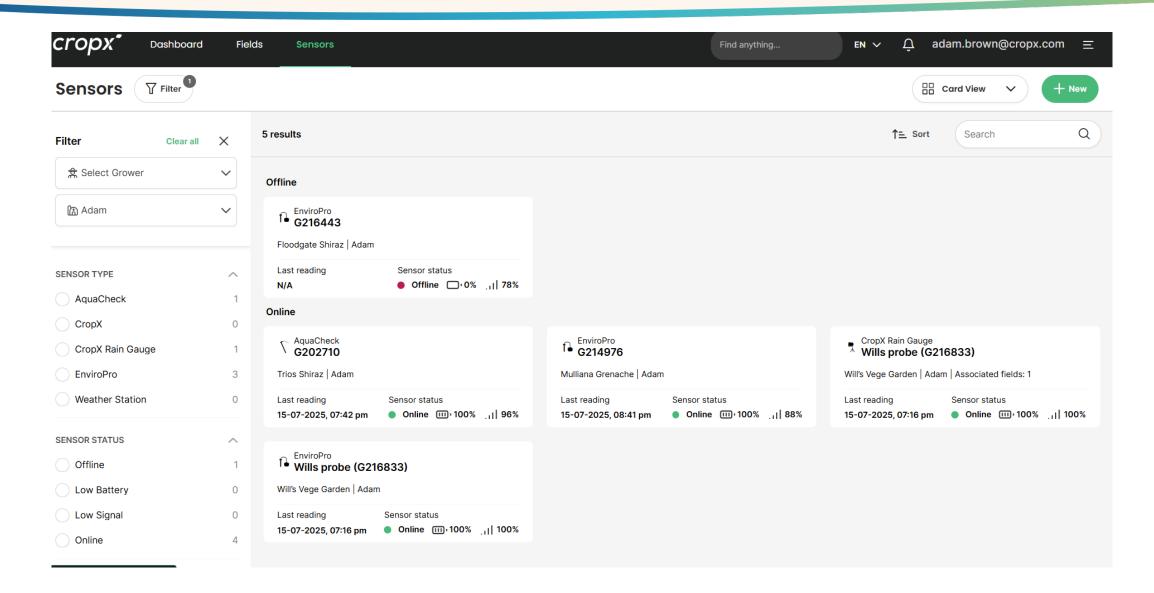




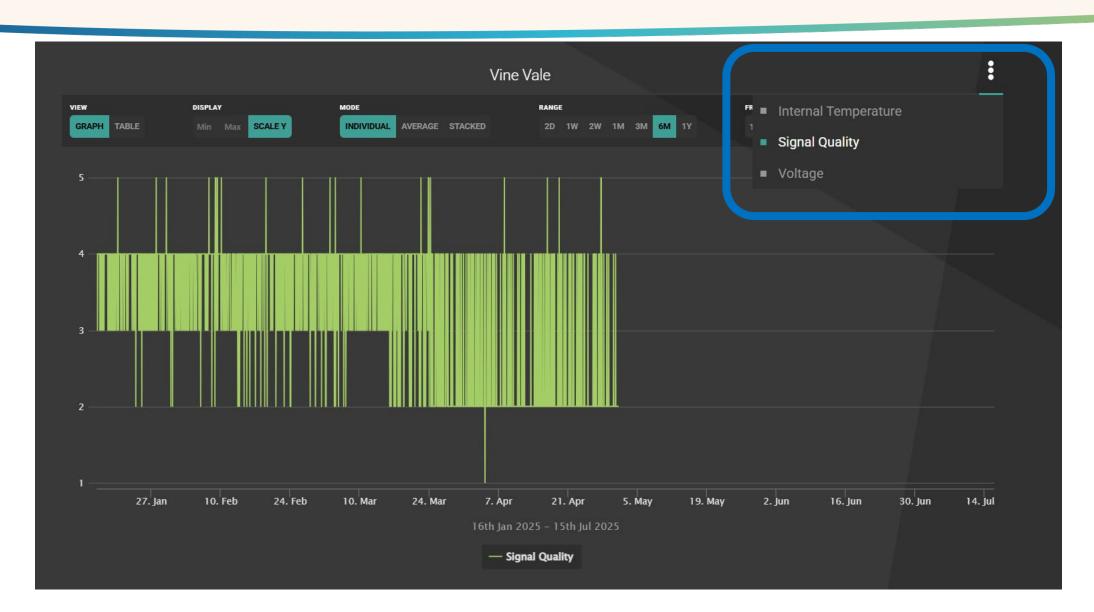
Setting a full and refill point on your graph



Battery Voltage and Signal in CropX



Battery Voltage and Signal in Green Brain



Soil Temperature in Green Brain



Flat Topping from excess Spring rainfall '22



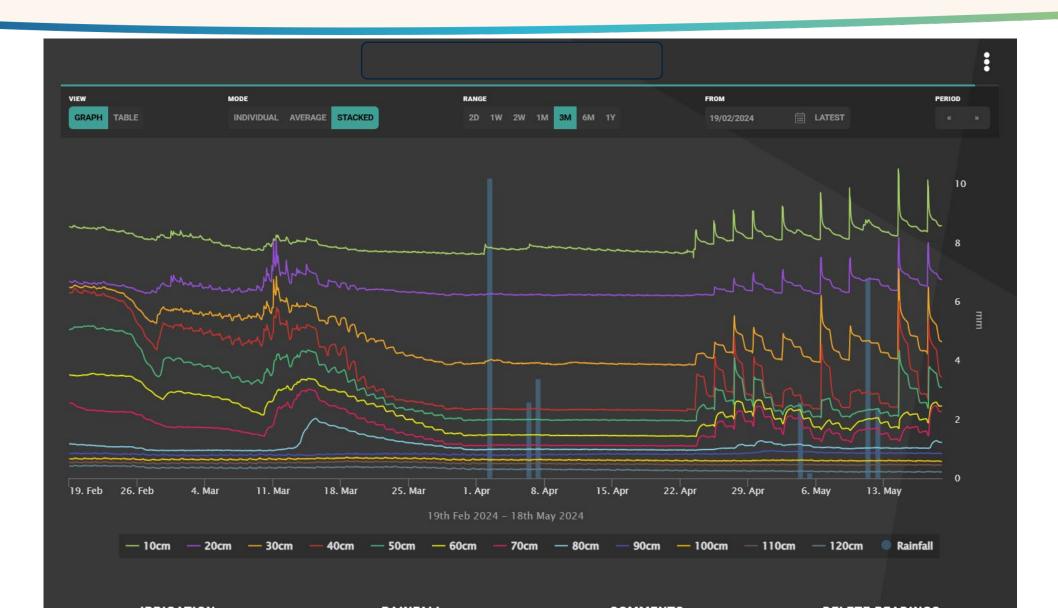
Water uptake trend 0-50cm (Spring '22)



Poor sensor/soil contact = reinstall April 2024



Dripper too far from probe – Reinstalled





Data Driven Irrigation Decisions

Currently based on...

Evaporation Data & Irrigation Calculator

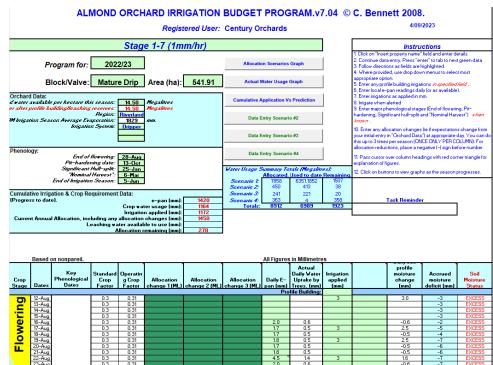
Integration

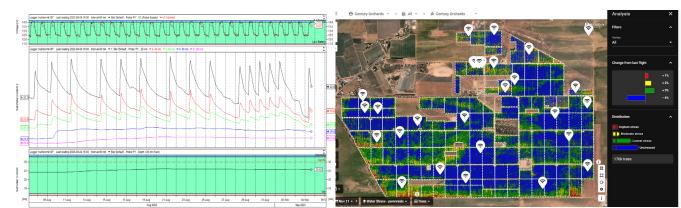
- Soil Moisture Probe Data
- Ceres Imaging
- Semios
- Hand Digs

Previously based on the above and...

• Phytech







Evaporation Pan

 Evaporation of the previous 24hrs measured at 9am.

Irrigation Calculator

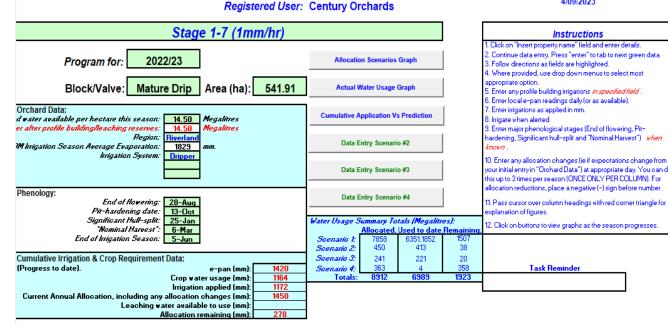
- Orchard data for water use and critical crop phenology dates are entered at the beginning of the season.
- Crop factor for each phenology stage set accordingly.
- Evaporation data entered into calculator for each day along with irrigation applied.
- Calculator indicates accrued moisture deficit and soil moisture status.





ALMOND ORCHARD IRRIGATION BUDGET PROGRAM.v7.04 © C. Bennett 2008.

4/09/2023



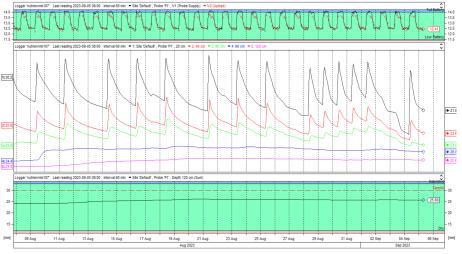
		Based on nonpareil.								All Figures in Millimetres						
	Crop Stage	Dates	Key Phenological Dates	Standard Crop Factor	g Crop	Allocation change 1 (ML)	Allocation change 2 (ML)	Allocation change 3 (ML)	Daily E- pan (mm)	Actual Daily Water Uptake by Trees. (mm)	applied		profile moisture change (mm)	Accrued moisture deficit (mm)	Soil Moisture Status	
							Profile Building:									
ı	g	12-Aug		0.3	0.31						3		3.0	-3	EXCESS	
	2	13-Aug		0.3	0.31									-3	EXCESS	
	Ξ.	14-Aug		0.3	0.31									-3	EXCESS	
	_	15-Aug		0.3	0.31									-3	EXCESS	
	Ve	16-Aug		0.3	0.31				2.0	0.6			-0.6	-2	EXCESS	
	>	17-Aug		0.3	0.31				1.7	0.5	3		2.5	-5	EXCESS	
	O	18-Aug		0.3	0.31				1.7	0.5			-0.5	-4	EXCESS	
	0	19-Aug		0.3	0.31				1.8	0.5	3		2.5	-7	EXCESS	
	正	20-Aug		0.3	0.31				1.7	0.5			-0.5	-6	EXCESS	
	ш.	21-Aug		0.3	0.31				1.8	0.5			-0.5	-6	EXCESS	
		22-Aug		0.3	0.31				4.5	1.4	3		1.6	-7	EXCESS	
		23-Aug		0.3	0.31				2.0	0.6			-0.6	-7	EXCESS	
		04.1			0.04					0.5	_		0.5	_	FUOROO	

Soil Moisture Probes

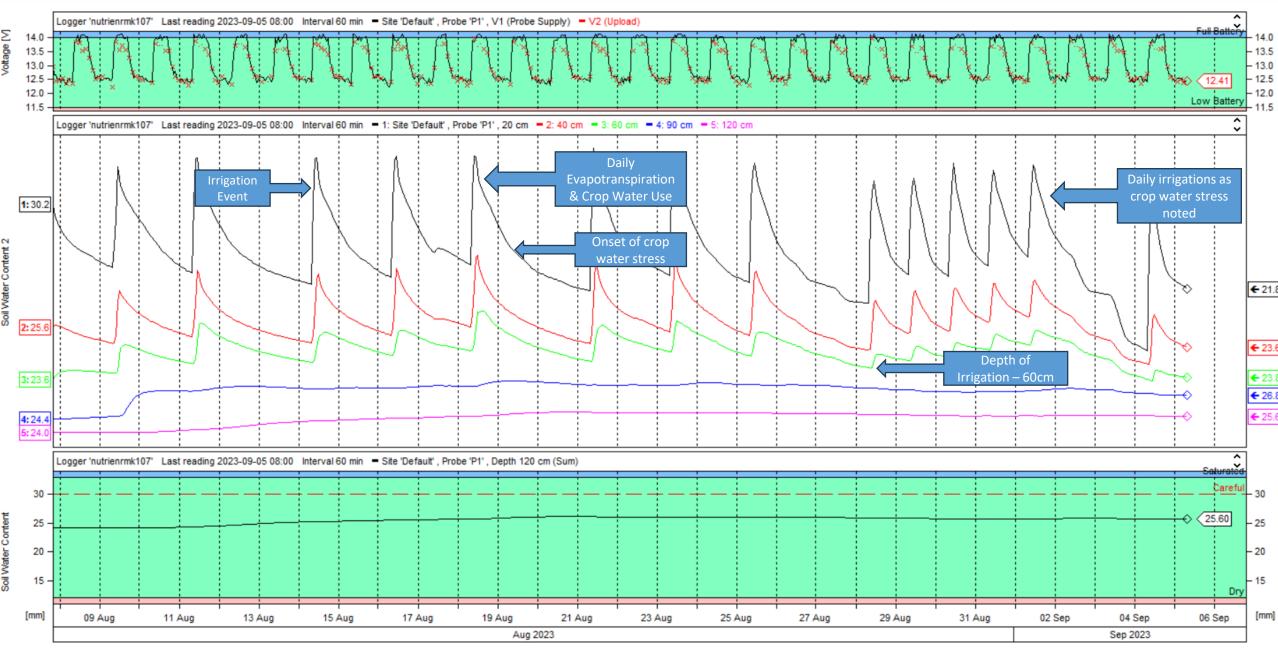
- Used to monitor irrigations, irrigation depths, ensure we are not pushing fertiliser past the rootzone.
- Can be reliable but need to ensure probes are adjusted each season (if required).
- Useful in monitoring different soil types across the orchard (especially where orchards are large) – some valves may not need water for a day or two on heavier ground.

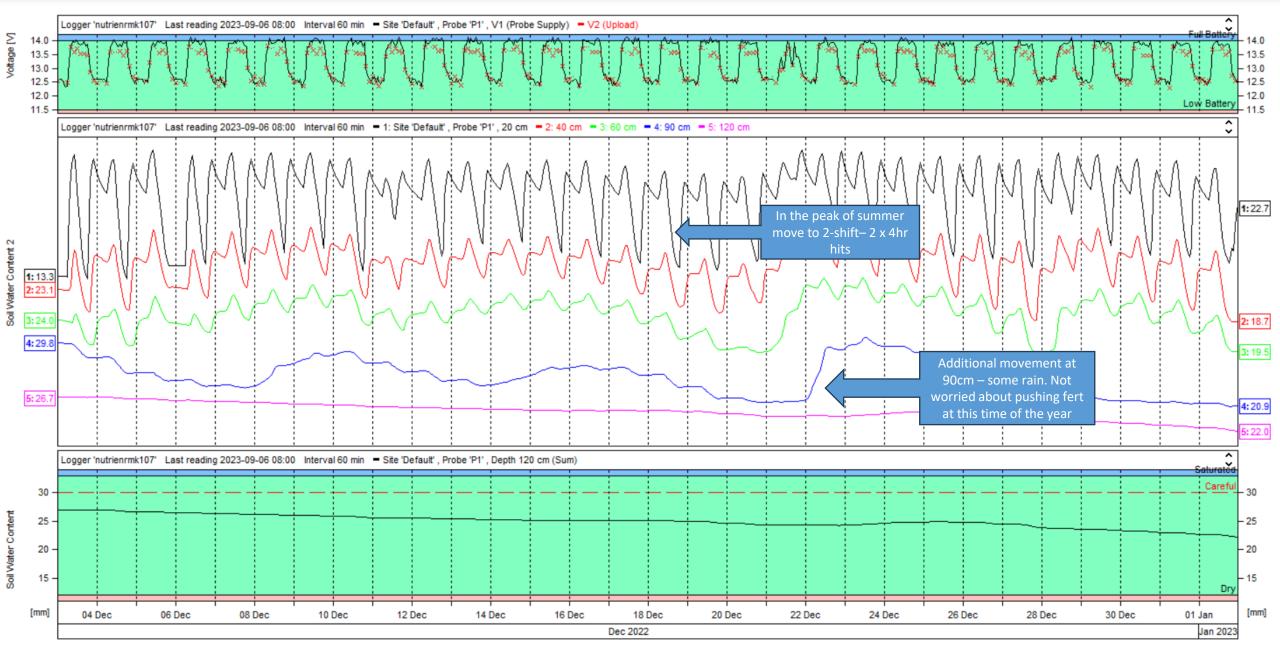


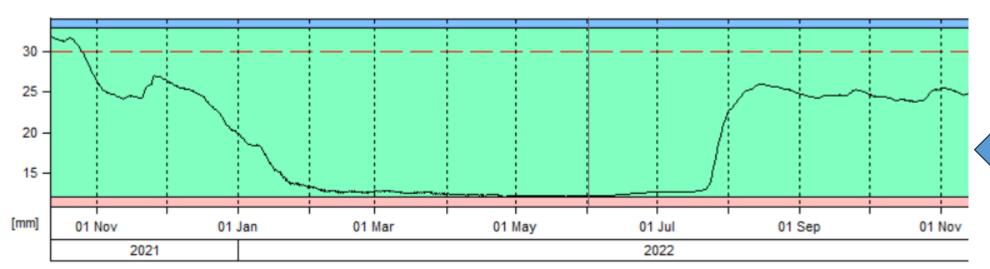










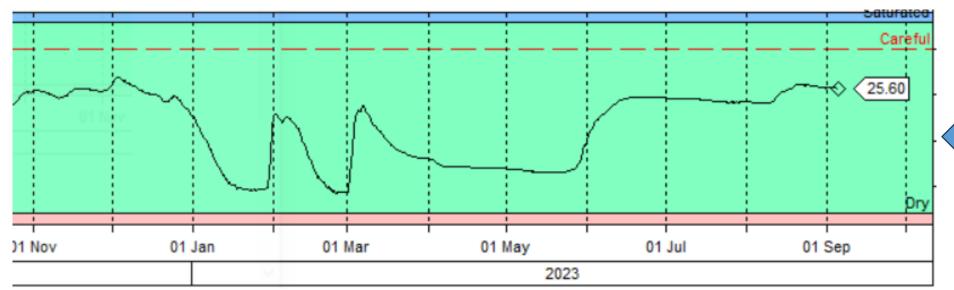




Ideal Subsoil Moisture Graph (at 120cm)—Began 2022-2023 season with lower subsoil moisture.

Minimal subsoil moisture over harvest.

2021-2022 Season Subsoil Moisture

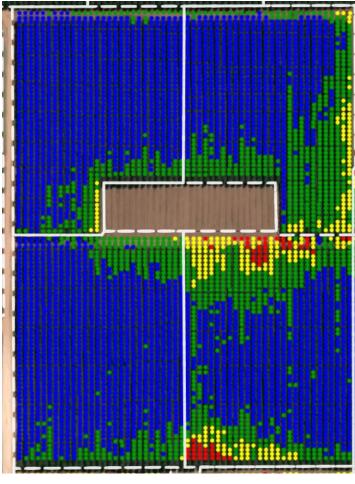


Began 2023-2024 Season with higher than normal subsoil moisture. Peaks due to rain over harvest.

2022-2023 Season Subsoil Moisture

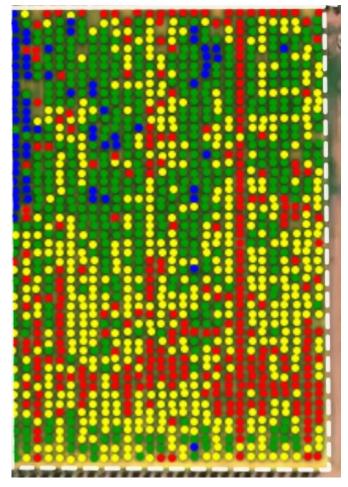
Ceres Imaging

- Images help to identify irrigation problems/issues.
- Wet areas
- Taps left off
- Valves not coming on
- Areas not receiving enough water



February 2023 – Water quality issues, valves blocked, highest points not receiving enough water



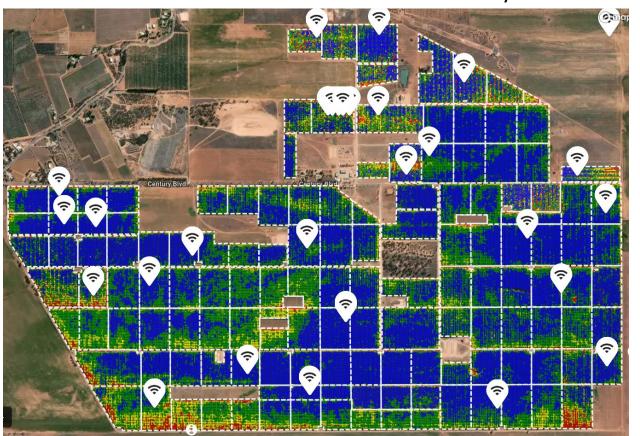


December 2021 – Tap left off in wet area

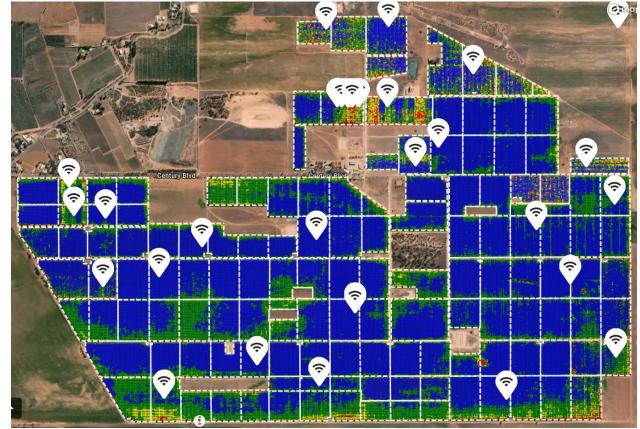
Ceres Imaging



November 2022 – Southern Boundary



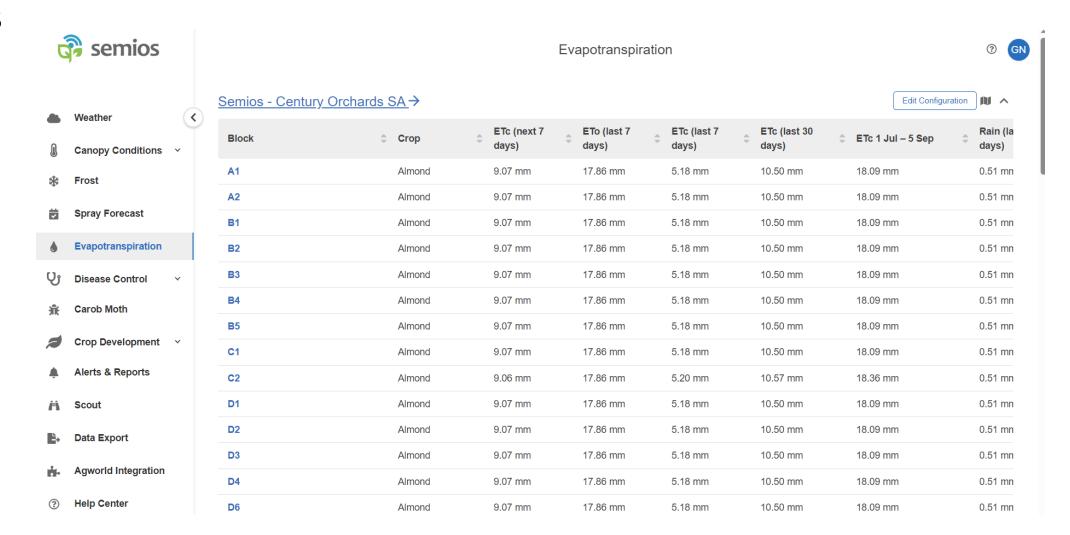
January 2023 – Southern Boundary (Drip Replaced)



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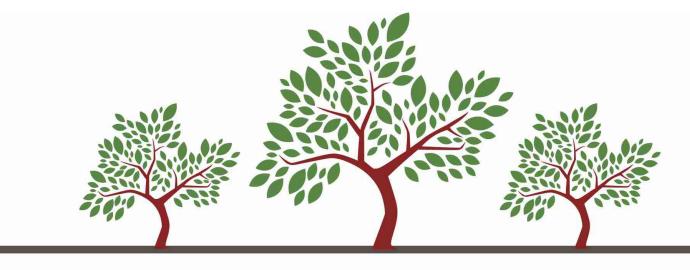


But...... Hand digs are still crucial.

- Technology is not always accurate/reliable.
- Hand digs provide parameters for setting up our technology and understanding the data.
- Provide accurate indication of soil moisture content.







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Thank-you



Irrigation module now available. Register today!

- https://almonds.hort360.com.au/#!/apply
- Expression of interest form can be accessed on ABA website
- Direct enquiries to ehenson@australianalmonds.com.au







Feedback Form





THANK-YOU









